

1: Gun Control Act of - Wikipedia

In this discussion of the basis of arms control, the central theme is the analogy between the behaviour of states and that of market-dominating firms.

Text[edit] There are several versions of the text of the Second Amendment, each with capitalization or punctuation differences. Differences exist between the drafted and ratified copies, the signed copies on display, and various published transcriptions. The amendment was ratified by the States and authenticated by Secretary of State Thomas Jefferson as: Pre-Constitution background[edit] Influence of the English Bill of Rights of [edit] The right to bear arms in English history is regarded in English law as a subordinate auxiliary right of the primary rights to personal security, personal liberty, and private property. According to Sir William Blackstone , "The Which is declared by statute, and is indeed a public allowance, under due restrictions, of the natural right of resistance and self-preservation, when the sanctions of society and laws are found insufficient to restrain the violence of oppression. Heller , the Supreme Court did not accept this view, remarking that the English right at the time of the passing of the English Bill of Rights was "clearly an individual right, having nothing whatsoever to do with service in the militia" and that it was a right not to be disarmed by the Crown and was not the granting of a new right to have arms. The statement in the English Bill of Rights concerning the right to bear arms is often quoted only in the passage where it is written as above and not in its full context. In its full context it is clear that the bill was asserting the right of Protestant citizens not to be disarmed by the King without the consent of Parliament and was merely restoring rights to Protestants that the previous King briefly and unlawfully had removed. In its full context it reads: Whereas the late King James the Second by the Assistance of diverse evill Councillors Judges and Ministers employed by him did endeavour to subvert and extirpate the Protestant Religion and the Lawes and Liberties of this Kingdome list of grievances including That the Subjects which are Protestants may have Arms for their Defence suitable to their Conditions and as allowed by Law. While it did not override earlier restrictions on the ownership of guns for hunting, it is subject to the parliamentary right to implicitly or explicitly repeal earlier enactments. Mark Thompson wrote that, apart from determining the succession, the English Bill of Rights did "little more than set forth certain points of existing laws and simply secured to Englishmen the rights of which they were already possessed [sic]. Which is also declared by the same statute 1 W. Some in the United States have preferred the "rights" argument arguing that the English Bill of Rights had granted a right. The need to have arms for self-defence was not really in question. Peoples all around the world since time immemorial had armed themselves for the protection of themselves and others, and as organized nations began to appear these arrangements had been extended to the protection of the state. Constitution[edit] Ideals that helped to inspire the Second Amendment in part are symbolized by the minutemen. Some of these purposes were explicitly mentioned in early state constitutions; for example, the Pennsylvania Constitution of asserted that, "the people have a right to bear arms for the defence of themselves and the state. As defiance and opposition to British rule developed, a distrust of these Loyalists in the militia became widespread among the colonists, known as Patriots , who favored independence from British rule. As a result, some Patriots created their own militias that excluded the Loyalists and then sought to stock independent armories for their militias. In response to this arms build up, the British Parliament established an embargo of firearms, parts and ammunition against the American colonies. Instances of the licentious and outrageous behavior of the military conservators of the peace still multiply upon us, some of which are of such nature, and have been carried to such lengths, as must serve fully to evince that a late vote of this town, calling upon its inhabitants to provide themselves with arms for their defense, was a measure as prudent as it was legal: It is a natural right which the people have reserved to themselves, confirmed by the Bill of Rights, to keep arms for their own defence; and as Mr. Blackstone observes, it is to be made use of when the sanctions of society and law are found insufficient to restrain the violence of oppression. In opposition, the British forces consisted of a mixture of the standing British Army , Loyalist militia and Hessian mercenaries. Federalists argued that this government had an unworkable division of power between Congress and the states, which caused military weakness, as the standing army was reduced

to as few as 80 men. Subsequently, the Constitutional Convention proposed in to grant Congress exclusive power to raise and support a standing army and navy of unlimited size. McAfee and Michael J. Quinlan have stated that James Madison "did not invent the right to keep and bear arms when he drafted the Second Amendment; the right was pre-existing at both common law and in the early state constitutions. Blackstone in his Commentaries alluded to this right to rebel as the natural right of resistance and self preservation, to be used only as a last resort, exercisable when "the sanctions of society and laws are found insufficient to restrain the violence of oppression". This will not only lessen the call for military establishments, but if circumstances should at any time oblige the Government to form an army of any magnitude, that army can never be formidable to the liberties of the People, while there is a large body of citizens, little, if at all, inferior to them in discipline and the use of arms, who stand ready to defend their own rights, and those of their fellow-citizens. This appears to me the only substitute that can be devised for a standing army, and the best possible security against it, if it should exist. They cite examples, such as the Declaration of Independence describing in "the Right of the People to On May 10, , Congress passed a resolution recommending that any colony with a government that was not inclined toward independence should form one that was.

2: Home | Basis | A new model for mental health

Get this from a library! Science & global security: the technical basis for arms control, disarmament, and nonproliferation initiatives.

At the hearings NRA Executive Vice-President Franklin Orth supported a ban on mail-order sales, stating, "We do not think that any sane American, who calls himself an American, can object to placing into this bill the instrument which killed the president of the United States. Dodd and met with fierce opposition on the floor but the bills also paved the way for the creation of the Gun Control Act of Kennedy in June , compounded by shifting societal attitudes towards gun ownership renewed efforts to pass the bill. The Senate Judiciary Committee similarly brought the bill to a temporary halt, but as in the House, it was passed on reconsideration. Johnson on October 22, [9] banning mail order sales of rifles and shotguns and prohibiting most felons, drug users and people found mentally incompetent from buying guns. The Brady Act created a background check system which required licensed sellers to inspect the criminal history background of prospective gun purchasers, and the Brady Act created a list of categories of individuals to whom the sale of firearms is prohibited. As quoted from 18 U. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or otherwise dispose of any firearm or ammunition to any person knowing or having reasonable cause to believe that such person" 1 is under indictment for, or has been convicted in any court of, a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year; 2 is a fugitive from justice; 3 is an unlawful user of or addicted to any controlled substance as defined in section of the Controlled Substances Act 21 U. Exceptions as quoted from 18 U. While many states upon completion of sentence automatically reinstate rights to vote, sit on a jury, or serve in public office, no states restore gun ownership rights upon completion of sentence. Those convicted of a federal offense must contact the Office of the Pardon Attorney, Department of Justice, to receive a presidential pardon. C g 3 and "shipping, transporting, receiving or possessing firearms or ammunition" by a medical marijuana card holder is a violation. C x generally prohibits persons under 18 years of age from possessing handguns or handgun ammunition with certain exceptions for employment, target practice, education, and a handgun possessed while defending the home of the juvenile or a home in which they are an invited guest. Federal Firearms License The Gun Control Act mandated the licensing of individuals and companies engaged in the business of selling firearms. This provision effectively prohibited the direct mail order of firearms except antique firearms by consumers and mandated that anyone who wants to buy a gun in an interstate transaction from a source other than a private individual must do so through a federally licensed firearms dealer. The Act also banned unlicensed individuals from acquiring handguns outside their state of residence. The interstate purchase of long guns rifles and shotguns was not impeded by the Act so long as the seller is federally licensed and such a sale is allowed by both the state of purchase and the state of residence. Private sales between unlicensed individuals who are residents of the same state are allowed under federal law so long as such transfers do not violate the other existing federal and state laws. While current law mandates that a background check be performed if the seller has a federal firearms license, private parties living in the same state are not required to perform such checks under federal law. A person who does not have a Federal Firearms License may not be in the business of buying or selling firearms. Individuals buying and selling firearms without a federal license must be doing so from their own personal collection. Under the Gun Control Act, a federally licensed importer, manufacturer, dealer or collector shall not sell or deliver any rifle or shotgun or ammunition for rifle or shotgun to any individual less than 18 years of age, nor any handgun or ammunition for a handgun to any individual less than 21 years of age. After the repair work is done, the gunsmith or the factory can ship the gun directly back to the customer. Import restrictions[edit] ATF Form "Factoring Criteria for Weapons" The GCA created what is known as the "sporting purposes" standard for imported firearms, saying that they must "be generally recognized as particularly suitable for or readily adaptable to sporting purposes. Firearms manufactured prior to the Gun Control Act and firearms manufactured by non-FFLs remain exempt from the serial number requirement. Defacement or removal of the serial number if present is a felony offense. Commentary[edit] In a June essay, Neal Knox wrote that what

was then called the Dodd Bill was opposed by outdoorsmen and conservationists Harry R. Dennis of the Izaak Walton League , "and countless other sportsmen, and sportsmen and industry groups" because it would have a far-reaching and damaging effect on the hunting and shooting sports, while failing to reduce crime. Congress adopted most of our recommendations. But this billâ€”as big as this bill isâ€”still falls short, because we just could not get the Congress to carry out the requests we made of them. I asked for the national registration of all guns and the licensing of those who carry those guns. For the fact of life is that there are over million guns in this countryâ€”more firearms than families. If guns are to be kept out of the hands of the criminal, out of the hands of the insane, and out of the hands of the irresponsible, then we just must have licensing. If the criminal with a gun is to be tracked down quickly, then we must have registration in this country. The voices that blocked these safeguards were not the voices of an aroused nation. They were the voices of a powerful lobby, a gun lobby, that has prevailed for the moment in an election year.

3: Science & Global Security

This issue of the journal carries two articles on remote detection of nuclear activities, one looking backwards and the other looking forward.

Remote detection of nuclear activities This issue of the journal carries two articles on remote detection of nuclear activities, one looking backwards and the other looking forward. The first article is a forensic analysis of radionuclide and hydroacoustic data that seeks to clarify the long running debate about a possible undeclared nuclear weapon test in in in the South Atlantic or Indian Ocean the Vela event. The second article is a scoping study that looks forward to assess the feasibility of using fixed monitoring stations or random air sampling from drones for remote detection of clandestine plutonium separation, with a focus on the Middle East. In "The 22 September Vela Incident: Radionuclide and Hydroacoustic Evidence for a Nuclear Explosion," Lars-Erik De Geer and Christopher Wright provide the second part of their analysis of records that support a low-yield nuclear weapon test as an explanation for the optical signals detected by a U. Their first article, "The 22 September Vela Incident: The Detected Double-Flash," was published in this journal in . The new article offers an analysis of iodine, a fission product with a half-life of about 8 days, detected in October and November in sheep thyroids from southeast Australia. The sheep thyroid data was discovered at the U. The article also revisits hydroacoustic evidence from 22 September collected by three hydrophones near Ascension Island in the Atlantic Ocean between West Africa and Brazil by the U. Missile Impact Location System, and analyzed by the U. Naval Research Laboratory in a page report that remains classified, but parts of which has been summarized in a declassified letter from the Naval Research Laboratory Research Director to the White House Office of Science and Technology Policy in December . A second signal was also observed by the U. These signals, which can be traced back to a site near Prince Edward and Marion Islands, appear similar to those observed from French nuclear weapon tests in the Pacific Ocean. The radionuclide and hydroacoustic data appear to have a common source in space and time, one that is consistent with the timing and inferred location of the signal detected by the Vela satellite on 22 September , and together support a nuclear explosion as the explanation. The two articles revisiting the Vela event make a compelling case for declassification of all available records and information concerning this now nearly forty-year old mystery to support a comprehensive, technical, joint international review to determine if, on balance, it was in fact a nuclear weapon test and if so, to attribute responsibility. It has long been accepted that an international ban on fissile material production for nuclear weapons would require a verification regime that involved monitoring for unauthorized plutonium separation reprocessing. This article uses a case study of the Middle East to show how monitoring for reprocessing using remote detection of the fission-product krypton released as spent nuclear fuel would be made more difficult by the accumulated concentration of krypton already in the atmosphere. The current krypton atmospheric background is primarily a combination of legacy emissions from the U. Krypton lingers in the atmosphere since it is chemically inert and has a . The article explores four scenarios to assess and demonstrate the verification benefits of ceasing krypton emissions from current declared reprocessing facilities. In the short term, the short-lived peaks in local krypton concentration due to transient plumes from the large operational civilian reprocessing plants would dissipate within days. The overall krypton background would start to decay on a timescale set by the decade-long half-life of krypton . Over the long term, 10 years and 30 years respectively after a reprocessing halt, there would be increasing gains in detectability of clandestine reprocessing as the legacy krypton begins to clear out of the atmosphere. The Middle East is used as a case study for these scenarios. Atmospheric transport models are used evaluate the area over which different rates of krypton emissions from clandestine reprocessing could be detected. Monitoring larger areas for the absence of reprocessing activities would require random air sampling using aircraft or drones. The article concludes that ending krypton emissions from La Hague and Sellafield would over time drastically reduce the necessary number of random air samples required to monitor the Middle East and by implication other areas of the world and that smaller and smaller scale reprocessing activities would become increasingly easy to detect.

4: Background of the Issue - Gun Control - www.enganchecubano.com

The Technical Basis for Arms Control, Disarmament, and Nonproliferation Initiatives.

Princeton Weekly Bulletin March 1, That was one of the things about the end of the war. Absolutely anybody who wanted a weapon could have one. They were lying all around. In the economic rubble of Russia, the scientists and technicians who built the Soviet nuclear armory are as poorly and infrequently paid as factory hands, despite the temptation to peddle their skills and pilfered plutonium to rogue states and aspiring nuclear powers. Among current projects of the research program, he highlights efforts toward the following: Launch on warning Any sense that the risk of nuclear war ended with demise of the Soviet Union is exaggerated, von Hippel warns. Nuclear weapon arsenals built during the long ideological struggle between the superpowers remain ready for use a decade after the Soviet Union dissolved. He cites an incident in January , when a research rocket launched from the Norwegian island of Andoya was mistaken for a submarine-launched nuclear missile by Russian air defense forces. The "nuclear suitcase" held by Russian President Boris Yeltsin was activated, and a decision to launch a counter-attack was minutes away before the blip on Russian radar screens was judged harmless. Outlined in "Taking Nuclear Weapons off Hair-Trigger Alert" Scientific American, November , these proposals would establish a situation "where it would take hours to launch a missile instead of minutes," von Hippel notes. A verified global ban on the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons and verified elimination of U. The former, he says, was "an old proposal we revived in the s"; the latter is "a proposal for which we laid the initial technical basis in Reversing the Arms Race: Multilateral negotiations on a fissile material ban "are about to begin at the U. Conference on Disarmament in Geneva," von Hippel says, and elimination of excess nuclear warheads is "on the U. Von Hippel came to Princeton in as a senior research physicist at CEES, where, in the late s, he and his colleagues turned their attention to the nuclear-proliferation dangers of plutonium breeder reactors. These reactors were being trumpeted as the energy source of the future because of the plutonium they yielded as a byproduct of generating electricity. The CEES research group calculated that a global "plutonium economy" would annually yield enough plutonium to build a virtually unlimited number of nuclear bombs. When President Ronald Reagan took office, with his talk of the Soviet "evil empire," von Hippel turned his full attention to the nuclear arms race. He sought ways to make the disarmament envisioned by activists seem feasible to a national security establishment that viewed disarmament proposals as either impossible or reckless. Von Hippel has been asked to facilitate the background discussions that will launch U. He was frustrated by the avalanche of faxes, e-mail and phone calls and by the sense of skipping from crisis to crisis. But he acquired a clearer understanding of the pressures facing decision makers.

5: Second Amendment to the United States Constitution - Wikipedia

The Framework for Arms Control agreed in recognized that arms control, including disarmament and confidence- and security-building, is integral to the OSCE's comprehensive and co-operative concept of security.

6: Keep and Bear Arms - Gun Owners Home Page - 2nd Amendment Supporters

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7: Trump says US will withdraw from nuclear arms treaty with Russia | World news | The Guardian

Arms control is when a country or countries restrict the development, production, stockpiling, proliferation, distribution or usage of weapons. Arms control may refer to small arms, conventional weapons or weapons of mass destruction

(WMD) and is usually associated with bilateral or multilateral treaties and agreements.

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