

1: A handbook of data collection tools | Bond

A Handbook of Data Collection Tools Page 1 INTRODUCTION This handbook of data collection tools is intended to serve as a companion to A Guide to Measuring Advocacy and Policy.

Bibliography on Evaluating Web Information: Sample Evaluation Forms Sponsor: Virginia Tech University Libraries Scope: Links to 11 forms used for evaluation of web content credibility and reliability. Strictly a list of forms with authors and URLs. Free to view listings, links to free instruments Site: Buros Institute of Mental Measurements Scope: Brief annotations of over mental measurement tests available via a searchable database. Full detailed reviews, available for purchase include instrument descriptions including purpose, audience, and content details, publication information, and validity and reliability evidence. Online database searchable by keyword or browsable alphabetically or by category. Early Childhood Measures Profiles pdf Sponsor: Detailed, extensive annotations related to 48 instruments used for measurement in early childhood. Downloadable PDF examines instrument in detail within broader chapter groupings Cost: Free to view annotated listings, instrument costs vary Site: Evaluation Forms and Modules Sponsor: The Measurement Group Scope: A range of example instruments developed by The Measurement Group for use in evaluations that they have performed primarily in different areas of health. Annotation varies from listing to listing. Organized by instruments developed for specific programs Cost: Free to view annotated listings, free to access instruments Site: Evaluation Instrument Bank Sponsor: Some instruments available in multiple languages. Searchable by keywords, full text, or categories. Range of information about each instrument varies widely. Free to view listings and access instruments. Detailed annotations ranging from cost and administration to appropriate audience, context, and psychometric properties, to guide instrument selection, for over 60 instruments used for measuring outcomes in prevention programs. Instruments are not provided on the site. Each instrument profiled on separate page with standardized layout Cost: Handbook of Data Collection Tools: The handbook is at once a guide describing types of and reasons for data collection, and a collection of tools. Includes approximately twenty tools to measure advocacy and policy change. PDF document providing information on resources in linear order. List of instruments used to assess early childhood programs funded under the Head Start program Organization: Free to view annotated listings, some instruments are proprietary and require fee to use. Searchable database of screening, diagnostic, research, evaluation, and needs assessment instruments to measure substance use and related topics. Includes psychometrics and scoring information and how to contact the developer or copyright holder. Highly searchable including target audience, specific substance of abuse, instrument purpose, and other related topics. Instruments are available for download as part of membership Cost: AEA members may join L2BG and then sell their downloadable products from the site; users may purchase these tools when and where they need them. All tools are organized into 12 categories: Institute of Algorithmic Medicine Scope: More than 11, scales, tools, assessments, scoring systems, and other Algorithms useful in medicine and biomedical research Organization: Searchable database of useful healthcare algorithms including documentation, references, and instrumentation. Free searchable database but user must first create an account with a password. National Survey Indicators Database Sponsor: Annie E Casey Foundation Scope: Based on a Chapin Hall Center for Children review of 44 survey instruments used in family strengthening and community initiative studies between and Organized into eight major domain areas including social networks, formal helping systems, economic opportunity, neighborhood assets, family functioning, child well-being, advocacy and collective action, and demographics. Each indicator has extensive information including wording, context, and references. Free to view listings. National Science Foundation Scope: Brief annotations of over instruments, selected using criteria based on the Program Evaluation Standards, used in NSF Educational and Human Resources evaluation projects. Instruments are divided into major topical areas and then into a grid to identify those covering subtopics with each actual instrument having a short annotation followed by the instrument itself. Tests and Measures in the Social Sciences Sponsor: University of Texas Arlington Libraries Scope: A list of reference volumes with links to 11, social science instruments. Drill down by topic area and then extensive lists of instruments within topic or

searchable with open text searching across the instrument listings. Users are instructed to check their local university library for the source volume. Free to view listings, must then access book through library or purchase and access instrument.

2: Key Activities | County Health Rankings & Roadmaps

A handbook of data collection tools This handbook, written by Jane Reisman, Anne Gienapp and Sarah Stachowiak for the Annie E. Casey Foundation, is a companion to A guide to measuring advocacy and policy.

Legislative Process Tracking A simple log to track legislative activities could be used to monitor changes in sponsors and votes for and against a specific piece of legislation. **Comments Next steps Log: Policy Tracking Analysis** A policy tracking system can document the types of policies developed and their path to adoption or rejection. Data from the tracking system can be used to describe how successful policy strategies were and assess changes to policies over time. This log tracks desired policy components and whether a policy exceeds, meets, partially meets or does not meet these components. However, the tool could be modified to contain the desired components of any type of policy for different levels of jurisdiction e. An individual food item sold to a student during morning or afternoon breaks must meet specific nutritional standards: Encourage fundraisers that promote good health habits and discourage fundraisers that promote unhealthy foods 2 III. Ensure regular professional development for food services staff. SB19 Policy Tracking Analysis. Assessing Number and Type of Policies The University of Kentucky School of Public Health wanted to assess workplace tobacco use prevention and cessation policies in manufacturing facilities and to explore factors associated with tobacco policies and practices in the tobacco-growing state of Kentucky. Through a phone survey, they assessed the number and types of tobacco policies, as well as tobacco prevention education, in manufacturing companies in urban and rural facilities. In addition, a survey could be used over time to see if policies have changed for individual organizations or at a population level. Survey items could address: Surveys of this type could also be used as a needs assessment or as a way to generate data for other efforts, such as policy briefs or white papers. To use it as an outcome measurement tool, the survey would need to be administered at two time points or edited to ask people retrospective questions about changes over time. Under the new system, most clients would need to apply for benefits through a call center or internet application rather than through in-person visits to a local state office. Though the implementation of the new system is being monitored by the state and the USDA the federal agency with food stamp oversight , the Center for Public Policy Priorities CPPP was concerned that the new system and monitoring plan neglected to pay adequate attention to the challenges the new system would present for vulnerable populations. To help non-profits and community-based organizations play a role in monitoring the policy during an initial two-county pilot, CPPP provided information on whom to contact for individuals having problems signing up for benefits. Though CPPP is not receiving information on all issues reported to the state, they have been able to use the information from communitybased organizations and individuals to evaluate the implementation of the new policy and have reported common problems and issues to legislators and administrators. This formal documentation also provides a record that could be used in future actions or litigation if needed. American Journal of Health Promotion, Inc. If so, give date of appeal Was problem resolved? If so, how and when? When she called , the call center had no record of her application; neither did her local office. Local office told her to contact call center for a new application Applied on Jan 20, Came to our food pantry for help in feeding her two children 1. Submitted application online at www. Call center staff spoke with Jane Doe had no record 3. She referred me to Bill Dowdy who said he would research case. Franks is attached No No Note: For formatting purposes, the orientation was changed from horizontal to vertical for this manual. This tool could be used to measure other outcomes as well. For example, an organization could track the number of different community groups and agencies that reported problems over time to assess changes in levels of partnerships or for strengthened base of support. Problems Enrolling in Public Benefits? Retrieved May 2, , from http: Changes in Physical Environments²⁷ Environmental assessments, including use of GIS mapping, can also be used for evaluation of policies. Any organization involved in changing policies related to the physical environment “ including parks, sidewalks, retail outlets, land preservations and availability of other community resources ” could use these types of assessments to track implementation of policies or to provide watchdog data on the protection of certain assets. Environmental assessments range from observation

tools that can be completed by volunteers or staff to more complex development of geocoded maps that include relevant local factors. Here are a few specific examples of environmental assessments. Two ready-made assessments, the Walkability Checklist [www](#). These assessments include checklists of five to seven questions responded to by individual community members that result in a community rating. In addition, the assessments include suggestions for community members to improve their community based on the problems they identified. Alcohol Promotion Billboard Survey Form Alcohol advertising exposes young people to alcohol messages. Research has shown that long-term exposure to advertising and promotional activities increases the likelihood that children will drink alcoholic beverages. How do we know we are making a difference?: Retrieved August 1, , from [http:](http://) Photo taken of the billboard? How many other billboards are visible nearby? In this particular case, changes in the local environment could be tracked over time to see if positive resources increase and unhealthy factors decrease in the long term. In other cases, it might be important to ensure that resources are maintained e. This is generally a longer-term goal, though the time horizon for these impacts varies depending on the level of policy change being considered. While state level policy changes may take many years, changes in local policies and their resulting impacts on organizations may be more realistic in a shorter time frame. In both cases, however, the ultimate success of impacts on individuals or an environment are a result of successful policy implementation, funding, and potentially some direct interventions “ not policy change alone. The unit of analysis for this outcome area includes populations or ecosystems. Rather, we will provide some examples of secondary data sources for population-level data that might be relevant for assessing impacts of policies over the long term. A number of indicator initiatives currently underway could prove useful to advocacy organizations. Indicators are available for different focus areas and at different levels of aggregation e. Here are just a few examples: Retrieved June 06, , from [http:](http://)

3: Data Collection On Drought - www.enganchecubano.com

A Handbook of Data Collection Tools Page www.enganchecubano.com from Build Initiative Self-Assessment Checklist
18 For each of the potential champions identified, willingly using political capital to gain support from policy makers and within their own constituencies
1 2 Some new champions have been identified and are taking some public steps to.

As you work to build a healthy community, your evaluation will take on different purposes. This guide focuses on both program and policy advocacy evaluation. Because changing policy is complex, multi-step and incremental, what you measure and the evaluation tools you use are different from program evaluation. The time, money, and resources you spend on evaluation are an investment in your overall efforts. Evaluation is as much a mindset as an event or activity. Take time to talk about how each person in your team views evaluation and how they value the process of using reflection and dialogue to gain insight about information gathered. Understanding of your readiness Are you ready to evaluate? Resources to support an evaluation Evaluation cost estimates range from 5 to 7 percent or 15 to 20 percent of your total budget. A core team to guide and inform the evaluation Evaluation is a team effort. Assemble a core evaluation team that knows the community, will ask good questions, is thoughtful and reflective, and committed to developing and guiding the process with as much neutrality as possible. The developmental evaluator is part of the team that is designing and testing the innovation. Their primary role is to bring evaluative thinking into the process. A Developmental Evaluation Primer describes the skills required pp. Following are some common ways communities use evaluation. To gain insight also called formative evaluation: Assess the level of community interest in a desired policy or program, and use that information to plan how to implement it. Identify challenges to and opportunities for a desired policy or program, and use that information to advocate for it. To improve a policy or program also called process evaluation: Monitor the implementation of your selected policy or program, and use the results to enhance components of the policy or program. Survey your target audience, and use that information to improve the content and delivery of your communication, policy, or program. Assess staffing needs and internal systems e. Assess the partnership to continuously improve and strengthen its capabilities. To support innovation in an uncertain environment also called developmental evaluation Reflect on feedback from an evaluator to help conceptualize, design and test new strategies. Collect data about how a selected strategy is unfolding in real time in order to decide whether to abandon or continue in that direction. To evaluate policy or program effects also called impact, results, or outcome evaluation: Measure the extent to which your outcome indicators are being met, and use the results to improve your policy or program and be accountable to your funders. Use information about which target populations benefited most from your policy or program to target future efforts more effectively. Use outcomes to be accountable to your community and to your decision makers. As you work with your core team to clarify how and when evaluation will be used, consider: What do stakeholders want to know? How will they use the data? What does your community need and want to know? How will key leaders be engaged in shaping the evaluation plan and sharing results? How will you incorporate those who are most vulnerable, those who are experiencing the worst conditions for good health, in the creation of your evaluation methods and processes?

4: A Handbook of Data Collection Tools by Blue Hills Community Health Alliance - Issuu

This handbook of data collection tools is intended to serve as a companion to A Guide to Measuring Advocacy and www.enganchecubano.comzational Research Services (ORS) developed this guide on behalf of the Annie E. Casey Foundation to support efforts to develop and implement an evaluation of advocacy and policy work.

5: Collecting Data - Child Welfare Information Gateway

An overview of the range of tools that can be used to monitor and assess advocacy and policy initiatives with examples

from US non-profit organisations.

6: A Guide to Measuring Advocacy and Policy - The Annie E. Casey Foundation

An outstanding piece, this page handbook presents a great discussion of outcomes as they relate to policy and advocacy. Intended for grantmakers but useful for nonprofits as well, it encourages users to think about measurement of advocacy and policy efforts toward social change.

7: AEA - American Evaluation Association : Collections of Instruments and Tools

*The data collection tools included in the handbook have actually been used to evaluate advocacy or related efforts. The data collection instruments apply to six outcomes areas: * Shifts in Social Norms;*

8: Data Collection Of Drought In Vhembe - www.enganchecubano.com

This handbook of data collection tools is intended to serve as a companion to A Guide to Measuring Advocacy and Policy. Organizational Research Services (ORS) developed this guide on behalf of the Annie E. Casey Foundation to support efforts to develop and implement an evaluation of advocacy and policy work.

African psychology in historical perspective and related commentary South dakota personal representative application Parasites! Lice (Parasites!) Hours and health of women workers. Yellow face by david henry hwang Measurement of behaviour Gregory OBrien Methods of behavior analysis in neuroscience V. 16. The Ward mission. 2012 toyota corolla service manual Its a baby lion! Solving exponential equations worksheets Race, rights, and reparation What other than adobe can i a fil Divesting from South Africa Learn french for David Copperfield (New Oxford Illustrated Dickens) Lupita Manana (Harper Trophy Books) Community arts centers Endangered language varieties Gregory R. Guy and Ana M.S. Zilles Occupational stress inventory questionnaire Amy my daughter mitch winehouse The story of the thirteenth treasure T. A. Barron Princess Sticky-Fingers Formidable forms wordpress Daisy and the doctor Sacajawea Harold P. Howard Oracle8i and Microsoft SQL Server Integration (With CD-ROM) Pain a Four Letter Word On a solid form of cyanogen and its elements Learn Microsoft Visual C 6.0 now How to start investing in stock markets The energy bus action plan Exploring the western mountains V. 2. Major cheese groups. Kidspiration(R for Teachers C language tutorial point IATA and what it does Types of context clues worksheets Pettys guitarist and co-writer has been his steadiest collaborator. Adaptive Inventions: The Elegance of Self-Regulation