

## 1: SFBA Choral Archive: Chorus Information

*Deutsch: Das Presidio von San Francisco. Gezeichnet vom Expeditionsteilnehmer Louis Choris im November  
Gezeichnet vom Expeditionsteilnehmer Louis Choris im November English: The Hispanic colonial era Presidio of San Francisco and the Golden Gate.*

Under Mexican rule, the mission system gradually ended, and its lands became privatized. In 1776, Englishman William Richardson erected the first independent homestead, [34] near a boat anchorage around what is today Portsmouth Square. Together with Alcalde Francisco de Haro, he laid out a street plan for the expanded settlement, and the town, named Yerba Buena, began to attract American settlers. Montgomery arrived to claim Yerba Buena two days later. Yerba Buena was renamed San Francisco on January 30 of the next year, and Mexico officially ceded the territory to the United States at the end of the war. Despite its attractive location as a port and naval base, San Francisco was still a small settlement with inhospitable geography. Hanhart Chromolithograph Port of San Francisco in The California Gold Rush brought a flood of treasure seekers known as "forty-niners", as in "1849". With their sourdough bread in tow, [36] prospectors accumulated in San Francisco over rival Benicia, [37] raising the population from 1,000 in 1842 to 25,000 by December 1849. The harbor was extended out into the bay by wharves while buildings were erected on piles among the ships. By Yerba Buena Cove had been filled to create new land. Buried ships are occasionally exposed when foundations are dug for new buildings. Silver discoveries, including the Comstock Lode in Nevada in 1845, further drove rapid population growth. Early winners were the banking industry, with the founding of Wells Fargo in 1851 and the Bank of California in 1852. Development of the Port of San Francisco and the establishment in 1847 of overland access to the eastern U.S. Catering to the needs and tastes of the growing population, Levi Strauss opened a dry goods business and Domingo Ghirardelli began manufacturing chocolate. San Franciscans built schools, churches, theaters, and all the hallmarks of civic life. The Presidio developed into the most important American military installation on the Pacific coast. Around 1850, San Francisco was a major city known for its flamboyant style, stately hotels, ostentatious mansions on Nob Hill, and a thriving arts scene. As buildings collapsed from the shaking, ruptured gas lines ignited fires that spread across the city and burned out of control for several days. With water mains out of service, the Presidio Artillery Corps attempted to contain the inferno by dynamiting blocks of buildings to create firebreaks. Many fled permanently to the East Bay. San Francisco is gone. Rejecting calls to completely remake the street grid, San Franciscans opted for speed. City Hall rose again in splendid Beaux Arts style, and the city celebrated its rebirth at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in 1906. The Bay Bridge, under construction in 1913, took forty months to complete. In ensuing years, the city solidified its standing as a financial capital; in the wake of the stock market crash of 1907, not a single San Francisco-based bank failed. It was in this period that the island of Alcatraz, a former military stockade, began its service as a federal maximum security prison, housing notorious inmates such as Al Capone, and Robert Franklin Stroud, the Birdman of Alcatraz. After the end of the war, many military personnel returning from service abroad and civilians who had originally come to work decided to stay. Urban planning projects in the 1920s and 1930s involved widespread destruction and redevelopment of west-side neighborhoods and the construction of new freeways, of which only a series of short segments were built before being halted by citizen-led opposition. Beat Generation writers fueled the San Francisco Renaissance and centered on the North Beach neighborhood in the 1950s. In San Francisco, the quake severely damaged structures in the Marina and South of Market districts and precipitated the demolition of the damaged Embarcadero Freeway and much of the damaged Central Freeway, allowing the city to reclaim The Embarcadero as its historic downtown waterfront and revitalizing the Hayes Valley neighborhood. Two recent decades have seen two booms driven by the internet industry. First was the dot-com boom of the late 1990s, startup companies invigorated the San Francisco economy. Large numbers of entrepreneurs and computer application developers moved into the city, followed by marketing, design, and sales professionals, changing the social landscape as once-poorer neighborhoods became increasingly gentrified. When the bubble burst in 2000, many of these companies folded and their employees were laid off. Yet high technology and entrepreneurship remain mainstays of the San Francisco economy. By the mid-2000s decade,

the social media boom had begun, with San Francisco becoming a popular location for tech offices and a popular place to live for people employed in Silicon Valley companies such as Apple and Google. Cars navigate Lombard Street to descend Russian Hill. There are more than 50 hills within city limits. Near the geographic center of the city, southwest of the downtown area, are a series of less densely populated hills. The nearby San Andreas and Hayward Faults are responsible for much earthquake activity, although neither physically passes through the city itself. The San Andreas Fault caused the earthquakes in and Minor earthquakes occur on a regular basis. The city constructed an auxiliary water supply system and has repeatedly upgraded its building codes, requiring retrofits for older buildings and higher engineering standards for new construction. Entire neighborhoods such as the Marina , Mission Bay , and Hunters Point , as well as large sections of the Embarcadero , sit on areas of landfill. Treasure Island was constructed from material dredged from the bay as well as material resulting from the excavation of the Yerba Buena Tunnel through Yerba Buena Island during the construction of the Bay Bridge. Such land tends to be unstable during earthquakes. The resulting soil liquefaction causes extensive damage to property built upon it, as was evidenced in the Marina district during the Loma Prieta earthquake.

### 2: My trip to San Francisco, California – Essay Sample

*The San Francisco Bay Area Chorus Directory, compiled by Helene Whitson and Valerie Howard, with cover art by their mother, Rosabelle Howard, was first published in , then revised in and*

We flew out on a Friday morning and stayed in the Golden State until Wednesday afternoon. During our visit, we saw quite a bit of gorgeous scenery, ate some scrumptious food, and drank some tasty wine. All in all, it was a fun, relaxing, and memorable vacation. In San Francisco, for instance, the weather was absolutely beautiful, with sunshine, very few clouds, and mild temperatures. The city has a reputation for being foggy, chilly, and windy, so we were fortunate to experience the lovely weather while we were there. Though there are many times throughout the year that the sea lions are not present, we visited when there were literally hundreds of them on and around platforms just off the pier. Our trip to San Francisco was lucky for reasons other than weather and seasonal factors. During our first night in the city, we had no idea where to have dinner. So we sought the advice of our hotel concierge knowing fully well that he might direct us to an establishment of nominal quality simply because he was trying to promote it this had happened to me on more than one occasion. However, the restaurant he chose for us was perfect. Our restaurant-related luck continued the following day during our walking tour of the Chinatown area. When our hunger overtook us suddenly, we ducked into the nearest establishment for lunch. Given our lucky streak, we should not have been surprised that it served the tastiest Chinese food we had ever eaten! After lunch, we found a small fortune cookie factory in Chinatown which made the Oriental treats by hand. We attempted to secure a last-minute reservation at the famed Greystone restaurant, which is operated by the Culinary Institute of America. As it turns out, there was a last-minute cancellation, and we were able to dine at one of the finest upscale eateries on the West Coast. For our driving winery tour on Monday, the weather again cooperated by giving us sunny skies and mild temperatures. It was the perfect backdrop for the miles of beautiful vineyards, rolling hills, and mountains which we saw, and I was able to take dozens of excellent photographs. However, the weather changed on Tuesday, turning cloudy and showering the area with a constant drizzle. But even that was lucky for us – since we had booked two seats on the Napa Valley Wine Train. We sampled food, drank wine, and chatted with winemakers without having to navigate the stormy weather in our car! Shortly after my friend and I returned home, I realized that I had just enjoyed the luckiest vacation I had ever taken – and I may never take one that is luckier! This realization stirred mixed emotions in me. I certainly felt fortunate that all of the uncontrollable factors aligned in such a way that it made my trip extra special. But I also recognized that if I ever returned to that part of California, my trip might not be quite as fun. What I will always have, however, are the memories of my extremely lucky trip to San Francisco and Napa Valley.

### 3: San Francisco Symphony - Calendar

*Translator's Note The description of San Francisco here presented for the first time in an English translation constitutes one chapter of a work entitled Voyage pittoresque autour du monde, avec des portraits de sauvages d'amerique, d'asie, d'afrique, et des isles du grand ocean; des paysages, des vues maritimes, et plusieurs objets d'histoire naturelle, par Louis Choris, peintre.*

It lies midway up the Pacific coast. Today, about , people live here. San Francisco lies on over 40 small hills situated around San Francisco Bay. People live in different neighbourhoods depending on their income or where they come from. Rich people live places with old Victorian houses that overlook the bay. Families of immigrants, like Russians, Germans or Japanese live in their own communities. San Francisco has a mild climate. In winter they hardly drop below freezing point. Mornings are often foggy, but in the afternoon it clears up most of the time. The city was founded in when the Spanish set up a Franciscan mission there. Later on the city was named after Francis of Assisi. When gold was found in California during the late s thousands of gold miners settled there and San Francisco turned into a bustling town. A fire broke out because most houses were made of wood. It took the fire department three days to get it under control, people were killed. Rebuilding began quickly and ten years later the city celebrated its rebirth during an international exhibition. The port handled many passengers and a lot of cargo. As time went on, shipbuilding moved to other places along the Californian coast. In another massive earthquake hit the city. Although many small buildings were destroyed the modern steel and concrete skyscrapers could withstand the quake. Today San Francisco is a major banking , finance and trade centre. It produces clothes, electronic goods and food products that the farmers of nearby regions grow. The Transamerica Pyramid - Daniel Schwen Places to See San Francisco has a very exciting skyline with old buildings on one side and modern skyscrapers on the other. It is known for its nice restaurants that offer good seafood. Not far away are the Maritime Museum and a historical park. Chinatown is the largest Chinese community in the United States. Many people who live here today are descendants of Chinese immigrants. They came to the Pacific coast during the gold rush to find work here. By there was a network of over km. All of the cable cars were connected to overhead power lines. Today there are only three lines left with a total of 20 km. They stay in operation mainly as a tourist attraction. The white office structure is metres tall and looks like a thin pyramid. It was a prison which confined some of the most dangerous criminals of America. Even though it was called the safest prison in the world, a few inmates did escape from the island. The prison was closed in and today tourists can take a guided tour of the island. Golden Gate Bridge is one of the largest bridges in the world. It spans the entrance to San Francisco Bay over a total of 2, metres. Towers stand on both sides of the bridge and a six lane road leads from northern California to the centre of San Francisco.

### 4: San Francisco Symphony - SFS Chorus

*San Francisco has a very exciting skyline with old buildings on one side and modern skyscrapers on the other. Along the city's waterfront lies Fisherman's Wharf, a tourist attraction and a reminder of San Francisco's past.*

### 5: San Francisco Gay Men's Chorus Presents BRASSY AND SASSY

*Description Come along with us as the Young Women's Chorus of San Francisco joins forces with the Golden Gate Men's Chorus for a musical journey to the shores of the Baltic Sea.*

### 6: San Francisco Boys Chorus - San Francisco (San Francisco County), Hayes St Ste

*San Francisco Symphony Chorus One of America's most distinguished choruses, the member San Francisco Symphony Chorusâ€”which celebrated its 40th anniversary during the seasonâ€”is known for its precision, power, and versatility.*

## CHORIS DESCRIPTION OF SAN FRANCISCO. pdf

### 7: San Francisco | Location, History, Climate, Tourist Attractions

*Though San Francisco is a world-class city, for locals it can feel more like a loose affiliation of small towns strewn over the hills, threaded together with gravity-straining streets, an.*

### 8: Native Americans of San Francisco de AsÃ-s | California Missions Resource Center

*San Francisco one hundred years ago, tr. from the French of Louis Choris by Porter Garnett; with illustrations from drawings made by Choris in the year , to which are added certain views of San Francisco at the present day A. M. Robertson San Francisco*

### 9: San Francisco - Wikipedia

*San Francisco is the traditional focal point of the San Francisco Bay Area and forms part of the five-county San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, CA Metropolitan Statistical Area, a region of million people.*

*Fear Of The Unknown (The Harlow Anthology (The Harlow Anthology) Young Peoples Concerts Measurement of microvascular blood flow in skin and skeletal muscle using ultrasound contrast agents and Mechanisms in plant development OS/2 Programmers Desk Reference History of reading Mahatma Gandhi: the man who became one with the universal being. Moisture control instruments sundries Stealing mercury charlee allden Humorous phases of the law Perloff, H. A framework for dealing with the urban environment. Manual of the law of wills Little Lessons from Dad Mushaf al-madinah Self-assembly, pattern formation and growth phenomena in nano-systems Semigroups: Theory and Applications The Philippines insurgency Between conflict and consensus : The reform of Bismarckian pension regimes by Martin Schludi The Privy Council Zap It! A Microwave Cookbook Just for Kids The Colorado 14ers Reel 120. Humboldt, Lake. The seismic design handbook Chinas embedded activism Iowa AAC templates Mind mending medicine Nelsons illustrated Bible companion Sir Henry Baskerville Etiquette with the Quran The modern art of influence and the spectacle of Oscar Wilde I Wonder Why I Blink (I Wonder Why) Build your own burger Basic statistics for business and economics douglas lind The modesty of God How to Buy Design Everyday Writer 3e spiral ix visual exercises Umikers management skills seventh edition Pocket Essentials of Obstetrics and Gynaecology (Book with CD-ROM Package (Pocket Essentials) Readings on drug education. Graphic designer curriculum vitae format*