

1: The Advice That Helped Me Decide to Have a Third Baby | Babble

We'll have another kid to take care of us when we're older, another baby to name (yes, we get excited thinking about this), Nora will have a sister or Alex will have a brother (the whole "but you have one of each, why not stop there"? argument has never held water for meâ€"having a same sex sibling rocks!), the kids will have a bigger.

So, true to form, here it is. Yes, having a third child can be an all-consuming question that throws you into turmoil. Especially when the answer is so different for everyone. And for the five minutes each week, where everyone is synched in happiness, I look at our family and I feel perfectly content. She has tweens AND teenagers all sewn up. It goes something like this. Night after night after night after night. You have an industrial washing machine and your very own Dot Cotton manning it. Because like the sleep deprivation, you also increase the washing by And just as kids grow bigger. So do their clothes. You have an enormous car. Or an actual bus. And how do you get to that middle seat? And lots of it. I think this one is pretty self explanatory. You like chaos and avoid routine. Even if they used to. The baby will carve out its own erratic lifestyle, based on the fact that you are erratic. You like being with your partner ALL of the time. Because having three young kids is a team game. A game where neither of you ever wins but at least you lose together. Your other half can go to the pub again in four or five years. You like your partner. Your family live nearby. By which I really mean upstairs. Most dining tables are built for eight and you put their seating plan right out. Not that any of yours actually sit at the table anymore. Yes, you guessed it. You have a full time nanny, cleaner and chauffeur. An in-house psychiatrist is worth the cash. You have no expectations whatsoever. Of anything ever again. Do have a third childâ€"if None of the above puts you off. There you have it. My two pennies worth. Then come and see me over on Instagram or the Facebook page where I decide whether to have a fourth child cries with laughter at her own joke.

2: Will I regret not having children? | Mariella Frostrup | Life and style | The Guardian

Why three really is the magic number when it comes to having children parents agonise over the decision to have a third baby. up and whether or not we have the confidence to parent as we.

Red comments are the opinions and evaluations of this reviewer. J44 Susan Jeffers breaks the silence about the downside of parenthood. The author herself is a successful mother, but most of the wisdom contained in this book she has learned after the fact. Because she wishes she had known these facts beforehand, she presents them for others to consider, hoping that future parents will look before they leap into the year commitment of parenthood. This book decisively breaks the conspiracy of silence, which heretofore only presented motherhood in glowing colors. Non-parents know almost nothing of the problems of parenthood before they have children of their own. These are some of our precious life-values we lose when we have children: Each of these points is illustrated from the real-life stories of other women. Jeffers speaks the unspeakable truth about kids: Children are very needy creatures, totally dependent on adults for everything. The child-as-angel is only part of the story. Some children are very hard to cope with because they are so selfish and demanding. The teen years might be the hardest, with teens declaring and acting out their hatred of their parents. No matter how hard their parents try, some children are more the products of their peers and the mass media than of values their parents attempted to give them. Susan Jeffers asked people why they had children. And she offers a point test to see if potential parents are really ready to accept the responsibilities of parenthoodâ€”for better or worse. Reasons for remaining child-free are also explored, which turn out to be much more reasonable and persuasive. But very few people have begun to consider this option. This is a courageous book, which can be read in whatever depth you wish. You can dip into it at any chapter that speaks directly to you in your current phase of life and thinking. And if you have not thought deeply about the option of parenthood before, you will emerge from this book with a radically different state of mind. And you might decide to reorganize your life-plans to create a completely different future for yourself. In this well-balanced book, she discusses the distortions and exaggerations of these pros and cons as presented by pro-natalists and anti-natalists. Each issue is explored in depth without repetition. This book contains many helpful exercises and questions. It is realistic about both the child-free choice and the choice to become a parent. L34 Leslie Lafayette founded the Childfree Network in It was based on her personal desire to be a mother, which she pursued by hoping to adopt an unwanted baby born to another woman. She was not married. The meaning of her life depended on motherhood. Childless men are not questioned about their lack of fulfillment if they did not become fathers. Chapter 3 explores several myths about child-free adults: They have empty livesâ€”sad, depressed, lonely. They are sorry they will lack children to take care of them.

3: Why three really is the magic number when it comes to having children | www.enganchecubano.com

If you have three children and something to add or are in the throes of decision making, I'd love to hear your comments below. There's a whole Three Kids section on the blog to help you make that oh so difficult decision.

Laura I regularly speak with people who have zero children, or one child, or two children. And they tell me they might consider or would like to have three children. I am not going to assume anything about you. Especially three kids with not quite enough space between the last two. Here is my disclaimer: I think each of my three children is wonderful. I am very glad I have each one of them. Every child is a blessing. Because I really do know. But this is what it is like to live with three of them at once. If you are lucky, you have at least two adults living in your houseâ€”but they still outnumber you. There is no time when nobody needs anything. It is so tiring, and yet you find yourself with less help than you have available when you have two kids. You see, many people cannot handle your three kids. Youngish babysitters and maybe oldish ones will have trouble keeping the baby alive while the middle child tries to test their limits and the oldest child, in a bid for attention, acts just like the middle child. And when there are this many, it frankly gets kind of hard to keep track of whose what is whose. I found this terribly insulting. But now I get it. And everybody needs one thing: So they will fight to get it. Three-Person Brawl The logistics become extremely difficult. When my third was born, my second was just over two. I actually considered swinging the baby seat at him to knock him over until I could reach him. Because that would still be better than him getting hit by a car. I also will not be owning a car with fewer than three rows of seats again until our daughter weighs 60 pounds or more. In most vehicles, three car seats will not fit side-by-side. So you basically have to start again in the baby-gear roundup. The box of unhealthy food product you should surely never serve your children always serves four people. Tickets come in twos and fours. I know lots of people with more than three kids. And somehow it seems easier. Someone is always left out. Instead, I am a working mother of one to two childrenâ€”already very difficultâ€”but I have three. I have even heard from a few friends with more than three that the jump from two to three was the hardest. The oldest one goes to school. Let me tell you about school. Preschool runs from nine to noon. Not quite enough time in which to get anything done. And then throw in the baby. You could solve the need for having to spend two to three hours a day loading three kids in and out of the car to take people to school by purchasing them all individualized child care, where everyone either stayed on-site where she or he was or was driven to or from school, for a mere two to six thousand more dollars a month, depending on which scenario you choose. And guess how much it costs to have a nanny who is capable of handling not just three children, but the difficult load-up and drop-off scenarios that you yourself are basically incapable of handling? If you have any children at all, or are close to some, you know that having babies is really hard, but the more other young children are around, in some ways the harder it gets. Nursing one baby is difficult at times for various reasons, but nursing one baby while managing two other children is nearly impossible. Noah got used to me bellowing over his head while he was just trying to eat, and then I felt guilty because none of my other babies were subjected to my shrieks while they were nursing. If you are any kind of parent or caregiver, you have probably grown used to the public comment period that accompanies any excursion you take, and perhaps the occasional bout of despair. I cannot step out my door without someone informing me either that I am brave or that I have my hands full. And they either look pitying or they laugh. When my third child was brand new, my spouse came with the four of us to a party that was about fourteen feet from our house, and then left for a work obligation. Well, while I was alone there, I had to sit down to nurse the baby. The other two kids immediately started behaving badly, and there was very little I could do about it. I got the eyebrow from various people around, but my middle child was too young to give a darn. He was an unattended two year old. And then the baby spat up all over his clothes. So I took his clothes off, barking scolds at the other two, who were supposed to be carving pumpkins, but who were actually ruining the garden. He peed all over both of us. I knew I needed to go. But I looked at the naked, wet baby, my dirty two year old, who was digging, and my regular old five year old, who was not actively misbehaving but who was too young to really help me do anything. Suffice it to say that the noise is probably the hardest thing for me, as as parent.

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I am sensitive to noises. And by sensitive, I mean that I get irritable and snappish when there is a constant din in the background. I think I have thus grown increasingly irritable and snappish over the past seven and a half years. The mess is troublesome. My family generates more than one load of dishes a day, plus about one load of laundry per day, or more. Just doing those things would be a job, but there are also more toys and debris on the floor, more garbage, more random acts of destructionâ€”I love having a clean house. And I was historically so organized, so thoughtful, so together. I would be remiss if I did not own up to the benefits that having three kids comes with. Such as the fact that you really do get better at babies. I can nurse a baby, change a diaper, or teach a baby to sleep like nothing. When I was pregnant with Asher, they would warn me that having two was no picnic. So there it is. Make your own decisions. And if you have a third child, I can try to watch them for you. Though I might get kind of snappish or forget where one of them is. While I love nearly all of the comments I have received, I wrote another post meant to rebut the argument that parenting is or should be easy: Rebuttal and Train Museums. And for those who are irritated by my venting this clearly happens, I also honestly enjoy many of the other moments. The Things She Carried. His children are slightly older, and in some ways that gives me hope! Hopefully you enjoy reading both, and if you have three kids, find a little hope in his words of encouragement:

4: How to Write a Will When You Have Children (with Pictures)

With two, my children would have the special bond of siblings and I would still have most of my sanity. It was a win-win for all. After my son was born, I was feeling pretty good about life.

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When it came to having a family, I always knew I only wanted two kids. But since my husband had dreams of our own family soccer team, I thought two was a good compromise. After my son was born, I was feeling pretty good about life. Everything was going according to plan and it seemed like our family was complete. We had a little girl and a little boy – a dream come true. I sort of just rushed through it all, not truly cherishing it the way many moms tend to do with their last babe. So, I started asking around. I asked people with larger families how they made their decision. This was such a big decision. How do people make such big decisions?! In the forefront of my mind, all I could think about was how we were in such a good place. With a 3-year-old and an almost 1-year-old, we were out of the newborn stage. Sticking with two certainly would be easier. But then I got some advice that totally flipped my perspective. My husband and I attended a parenting conference and while I learned a great deal during that weekend, the one thing that truly stuck out to me was how short these early years truly are. The conference was broken down into ages and stages. Then they said something that really stuck with me: This time feels so long, but it is so much shorter than you think. You will never regret the time you put into your children. I thought long and hard about what I wanted the big picture, long-term vision, of my life to look like. Once I was out of the trenches of these early years, did the idea of having a bigger family look appealing? I knew I would never regret the extra time and effort I put into my children. Yuri Pettengill I went to my husband later that day and told him that I was ready for another baby. He was thrilled, although terribly confused for a few minutes at my sudden change of heart. Now I am nearly out of the first trimester of pregnancy with Baby 3. I still have moments of anxiety. But during those times I think back to that advice about looking at the long-term vision. Article Posted 3 years Ago Share this article.

5: How to Decide Whether or Not to Have a Baby: 12 Steps

"You absolutely need to talk about whether to have children and don't make any assumptions. You might think you want children them but nobody prepares you for what it's really going to be like.

Have 2 boys and thinking about a 3rd child Dec We have two young sons and are thinking about having a third child. We have always talked about having kids and my husband and I are both from families of kids, so we are used to a larger family. However, I am not sure we are thinking about a third child because we are subconsciously hoping to have a girl???. Has anyone else been in this situation? I would love to hear from others who have been in this situation. How is it with 3 boys? My husband has an aunt and uncle who had eight boys!!! My advice would be, if you really want a third child then go for it. We were happy both times. But, yes, a part of me now thinks it would be fun to have a girl, only because there are certain things that I can share only with a daughter. We are open to another child and I think I am OK with the chance of having a 3rd boy. Yes, I think you have to really think about it and be prepared that your 3rd may not be a girl. What we love about 3 and this goes for either gender is the chance for a changing dynamic. We know a family of seven -- all girls! Number 2 also, but what is wrong with that? I love my children no matter the sex. The bonuses for us having 3 boys are awesome. The boys are very close, best friends and playmates. Toys and clothes are recycled until they fall apart!! I thought it would be nice to have a boy. My sister was pregnant with her second, two months ahead of me. She already had a girl close to the age of my older daughters and it turned out she was having a boy. We thought how great it would be if I had a boy, too. Well, I did not have a boy. And everyone was a bit disappointed. I was when I got the amnio news. My third daughter is coming up on two in January and from the minute she was born I have adored her and she is the darling of the family. That does seem to be the familiar story! My first two were girls. My husband and I are both from a family of three kids. We always wanted to have three. It just happened that our third is a boy. Once he was born we got just as many comments about how we could stop having children now that we had a boy. If our third ended up a girl I believe that we would have been just as happy. I have a few friends with three boys and they are happy with thier situation. Good luck with your decision. In your place I would just say to myself, all boys will be easier, we have all the boy stuff and they will be the 3 amigos. A girl will be exciting and new and she will have two big brothers that will love her so much. If you really are wishing for a girl I think you should find out what you are having so any disappointment can be dealt with before baby is born anon I am glad you posted and want to hear what others say about this topic. I can relate to the pressure and influence. I am pregnant with my second boy and am amazed at the comments that people make when I tell them with a smile and a happy voice that I am having another boy. Some people are so rude and discounting of this pregnancy are you going to try again? A simple congratulations would do! I actually lost a pregnancy that was a girl earlier this year and on some days these comments really get to me. If you have always wanted a larger family, I say go for it! If you might be disappointed to have another boy, have you thought about adoption? Some friends of mine who adopted a girl after having 2 boys told me: If you want a girl, adopt. Sept I am the happy mom of 2 great kids, a 6 year old girl and 4 year old boy. How much does it really change your family, and your life to have a third???. May We have twins 2 girls who are just over 2 and my husband and I are now considering having a third child. But, of course, 3 kids sounds pretty daunting, for sure! Specifically, if anyone has thoughts on ideal age spacing between kids. I keep thinking about your message. I have twins and am also thinking of a third. I know it will be challenging. But what are some challenges for a lifetime of family, a sibling for our twins, etc. There is no perfect spacing, when you and your partner are ready, I say go for it. Have you seen this: I think this spacing was ideal. I also think that having 3 kids is the greatest thing I ever did. Having twins is hard. When you have a third, you can do that baby with one hand tied behind your back. My youngest brings such joy and mischief into all of our lives. I could not imagine our family life without him. As for space, they are all together in the same room although he slept with us the first 6 months. Obviously, I am biased but I would do it again in a heartbeat. The only nervousness we had when we got pregnant was whether this would be another set of twins but the CVS reassured us that there was only one at 11 weeks. And, who are

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they to suggest that 2 children is the appropriate family size? I doubt they mean it in any limiting way, however. They probably just observe lots of people with only 2 kids. Much to my utter shock, I found myself pregnant in the midst of twin toddlers. Much to our amazement, we had a spontaneous pregnancy, which for me, was the way it had to be for me. I wanted to experience another pregnancy, nurse more successfully, and like you, give my twins the experience of a sibling outside of their very close twin bond. Fast forward 7 years! I am now the mother of nearly 10 year old twin boys and a 7 year old boy. I think you are wise to ask the questions and contemplate all angles. If I had the chance to do it again would I? If I could have waited a little bit longer, that might have been good. In addition to those, many other of my past participants have gone on to have another pregnancy one of which resulted in another set of twins! I wish you the best of luck! What I want to know is: Does life get easier as the kids get older, or more complicated? What are the main reasons for not having a third child? Do parents of three children feel like they never have enough time for each child? Are children with more siblings more outgoing and well-adjusted? I fear that if I decide to just have two children, I will regret it later in life. But I worry that I may not be able to handle the stress of raising three kids, especially when they are young. We made the decision to have three children because we wanted our children to have more than one sibling. At first I felt like a freak here because it seems like everyone in the bay area has only one or two children. But since having the baby, I see more and more families of three. They are out there- lots of them. Anyway, I feel the transition to two children was harder than the transition to three. Having three is just more of the same juggling, which we have gotten pretty good at. You have a small baby now and when you ha! My older ones play with each other and have a great time together most of the time. I would suggest you hold onto your baby things and postpone your decision until your little one is a little older. Then things might seem more do-able. Or you may decide that two is just perfect for you!

6: Decision making lessons

The below questions can help you figure out whether having kids right now is the right choice for you. Why would you like to have a child? All the experts stressed the significance of both.

The decision could be about your own conduct or about that of another. Some decisions will be easy because the guidelines are clear and the matter itself is inappropriate but no harm will likely result. Others may be more difficult because the guidelines or circumstances are unclear and the wrong decision could carry consequences for others or yourself. Every now and again an issue of monstrous proportions may surface that affects you directly. For example, a client unexpectedly commits suicide or threatens or sues you, or a colleague damages your reputation. You may confront a situation that offers no choice but to make decisions with ethical implications under ambiguous circumstances. Your own life may feel out of control. Confusion, pressure, frustration, anxiety, conflicting loyalties, insufficient information, and the tendency to rationalize are common responses to ethical challenges at these times. Such reactions complicate matters and greatly elevate the chances of errors in decision-making. Intense stressors can result in an inability to make sound judgments.

Advisory Committee on Colleague Assistance, Even when our lives seem fine, ethical dilemmas can materialize in many ways, often abruptly when we least expect them. Of course, most therapists do not knowingly get themselves tangled up in difficult situations. Some give in to temptations that overtake their professional objectivity. If you are similar to most of your colleagues, you have already faced at least one ethical dilemma that required a decision and possibly action on your part. Note that choosing to not make a decision is a decision. You may not have created the problem, but you may have no choice but to respond. How you react could have significant implications for your reputation and your career. More recent writings stress how factors such as emotions, personal vulnerabilities, personality, and situational contexts influence how we make decisions, including ethical ones. Newer work also stresses the insufficiency of cognitive strategies to determine how decisions are made and how many nonrational factors affect our decisions.

As we emphasize throughout this lesson, an early recognition of personal and situational risks can prevent many potential ethical problems from materializing or from escalating to the point of causing harm. We do not wish to frighten readers, but we must communicate why ethical decision-making is more critical than ever to you as a practitioner. Not that long ago complaints were handled in confidential forums. Few avenues existed for the general public to discover the misbehavior of mental health professionals. Clients had few avenues for speaking out when they believed they had been wronged. In short, those who faced ethical sanctions were largely hidden from public scrutiny. Violators more easily dodged widespread humiliation and perhaps escaped long-term damage to their careers. All that has changed. More likely than not, the identities of those who incur a formal ethical violation are now available for public viewing on the Internet. Many professionals and state licensing boards publish the names of those who have been disciplined sometimes including the entire record. In addition, unhappy and disgruntled clients have access to a host of popular review sites that offer relative anonymity. Sometimes the best one can do is to attempt to smother it by attracting more positive reviews. Finally, as reports of ethical violators become easily accessible, public trust in the mental health professions erodes. A desperate need for competent and ethical mental health professionals is obvious, but if potential consumers have a negative image of mental health professionals they may refrain from seeking needed help. This course will not provide answers to every ethical dilemma, nor can it advise on every circumstance in which an ethical dilemma arises. Rather we strive to provide clues to help therapists recognize, approach constructively, and reconcile potential ethical predicaments, while at the same time remaining compassionate and attuned to the well-being of those with whom you work. The series of scenarios presented below could play out with relatively benign or more serious repercussions, depending largely upon how you respond. Ask yourself what you would do.

Scary Woman Your new client is very young and new to this country. She is proving difficult to engage. She was brought in by her American-born husband because she seems secretive. She mostly sits sullenly looking down into her lap, answering your questions using the fewest possible words. When she does look up, her expression is

disturbing. She does divulge that she is very unhappy. You find her flashing eyes, her odd clothing, and her foreign accent somewhat intimidating. Actually, she scares you a little. It has even crossed your mind that she could be a sympathizer to an unfriendly group. Would you terminate her? If so, how would you do that? What would you say? Are you sure you have enough information to make the best decision as to how to proceed? Do you have a reasonable understanding of her native culture? Could your continued treatment of her have any chance of being effective? She quickly pours drinks while announcing that she just sold a three million dollar home. Before you can respond, she bounces over, puts her arms around you and plants a kiss on your lips. So, what are you going to do? Her arms are already around you, so what do you do with them? Should you just move on and share a drink, or is that a bad idea as well? Might she be seductive? Or is she only in a very good mood today? Can you tell the difference? Is The Session Over Yet? After 5 months, despite your efforts to remain objective and compassionate, you dread seeing this client. He also calls you by your first name, which you have not invited him to do. Your dislike for him is increased after every session despite the fact that he seems to be improving in the areas for which he sought counseling. Did you let this fester for too long? Can you do anything to alter your negative feelings? Should you terminate him even though he still has many issues to explore? Is it ethical to challenge his sexism when that issue is unrelated to his reasons for seeking counseling? Letting Go Your client shows up on time, pays her bill promptly, and often expresses appreciation for your services. She tells you she has seen many therapists, but you are the best. The problem is that after weekly appointments for a year, she is not improving. The issues that keep her own life off track remain entrenched, and her minimal gains have stagnated. Her only source of pleasure seems to be her weekly sessions with you. Will you keep trying? Have you instilled a dependency at her emotional and financial expense? Should you terminate her in the hope that someone else may be able to move her forward? Can this be accomplished without leaving the client feeling abandoned? All in the Family Your sister suspects that her daughter is having unprotected sex and possibly taking drugs. She asks if you will see the teenager as a client. The girl has refused to talk to anyone else, but she will talk to you. Your sister is very wealthy and wants to pay the full fee. You could really use the money. What do you say to your sister? What problems could arise from accepting your own niece as a client, even if you would be fully compensated? Wild Eyes After venting frustration toward her spouse for nearly the entire session, your client has a wild look in her eyes. Is your client just releasing tension, or was that an authentic threat? How do you make that decision? If you are worried, what exactly should you do now? Or, each situation could turn into a disaster of one sort or another. Sadly, in the actual incidents from which these examples are loosely adapted, the outcomes were unfortunate. Here is how each one played out. He called the husband to try to get more information about why she was so unhappy. The husband seemed irritated and hung up. The client never returned, and the therapist soon read in the local newspaper that she had been badly beaten by her husband and may not survive. This therapist eventually lost his license. The therapist, who had sandbagged his feeling towards the client he disliked exploded into a rage when the client pushed his buttons one too many times. The therapist then insisted he leave the office and told him to never return. These same elements are expressed in the ethics codes of all major mental health professions.

7: Having a Third Child | Berkeley Parents Network

To have or not to have children is one of the burning questions. It's a decision further complicated by the fact that it's one of the few areas of our physical lives where time actually does run out.

Going through the goop: Brown Every day, we make hundreds of choices. We choose what to wear, what to do when we get home from work or school, and how to respond when someone makes fun of us. Sometimes we also make big decision, such as what kind of school to go to, what career to pursue, whether to get married, and whether to have a child. Sometimes people make decisions that are even bigger than these because the decisions affect hundreds or millions of people - decisions about war and peace or about changes in the laws. Most of the time, we make these choices without thinking. For small, routine choices such as how to respond when your friend starts a conversation with you, you do not need to think. You have learned how to talk and how to behave in a friendly way without thinking at all, and your habits serve you well. You could behave differently than you do, of course, but your behavior is probably fine as it is. In other cases, though, you THINK about your decisions, from what to wear in the morning to how to spend your money. Sometimes people make choices without thinking when they really ought to think a bit. The purpose of this book is to help you improve your decision making. It will teach by example. You will be given a problem about decision making. First, think about the problem and try to answer it. You can discuss the problem with someone else. Then turn the page and look at the answer carefully. Where do these answers come from, and why are they right? The answers come from a field of study called decision theory. It is taught in colleges and graduate schools. It is sometimes used as a way of making very important decisions such as whether to have surgery or where to locate an airport. People who study decision theory and write about agree about some things and disagree about others. In our answers, we make our own best effort to give the right answer. All of us are scholars who have written about decision theory, and the answers we give are, in most cases, the same as the answers that any other scholar in this field would give. However, in some cases, other scholars would disagree with us. You might disagree with us too, and you might be right. But give us a chance. Our feelings are not always the best guide to good decisions. After you read our answer, you will be given other problems to work out, sometimes without the answers. Try to apply what you have learned from the worked-out examples to these new problems. You have more than one option. The option you choose can have some effect on the outcome. You can think about which option to choose. Which of the following are decisions? Whether to do your homework? Whether you will get all the answers right if you do your homework as well as you can? Whether to go to college? Whether to vote for the Republican or Democratic candidate? Whether the Republican or Democrat will be elected? Josh, who is now five years old, has developed a close bond with Sara. Sara, who has just turned sixteen, has become pretty attached to Josh herself. In fact, she is thinking of a career in child development because she has had such a good experience sitting for Josh. Babysitting is a kid job. What are the possible outcomes? She has other options too. For example, she could quit babysitting first and then try to get the job, but this is foolish because she could wind up with neither job. The outcomes of trying to get the job are that she either gets the job or not. If she gets it, the outcomes are that she would make more money, be with her friend, miss Josh, lose the experience working with children, and hurt Josh. Notice that the last of these outcomes is something that affects Josh, but it still matters. The outcomes of continuing to babysit are that things stay the way they are. We could also describe these outcomes by comparing them to the possible outcomes of the other option: It depends on her goals, what she wants, and how strongly she feels about each goal. Is it more important to her to make money and be with her friend? Or is it more important to avoid upsetting Josh and prepare for her future? GOALS are another important part of decisions, aside from options and outcomes. Goals themselves result from decisions. Sara might decide that she cares more about the money. But she could also ask herself why she cares about money. This has to do with how likely the outcomes are. It is not absolutely certain that Sara will get the job at Burger King if she applies for it. We could ask how likely she is to get it. There are four things to consider when making a decision: Making a decision well involves thinking about all four of these elements. Making a decision well, then, requires going

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through the GOOP. Sometimes it can be downright uncomfortable. Quitting What if Sara had to quit babysitting before she even applied for the job at Burger King? In order to apply for the job, she would have to miss babysitting on a very important day, and because of missing on that day, she would lose her job. Would the probability of getting the job at Burger King matter then? The probability would matter, but only if Sara has decided that the job at Burger King is better than babysitting. If she decides that the Burger King job is better, however, she takes a risk by quitting her babysitting job in order to apply for it. If she is almost sure to get the Burger King job, the risk is small and is worth taking. But if very few applicants are accepted, the risk will be too great, and she would do better to keep her babysitting job. Two proverbs capture the two sides of this dilemma: Nothing ventured, nothing gained. A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush. Neither one of these proverbs is always a good guide to follow. Sometimes you should follow one, sometimes, the other. It depends on the probability, on the outcomes, and on your goals. Good and bad decisions What if Sara said: Perhaps that is the right decision, but this is not the right way to make it. Sara has considered only one possible outcome and one possible goal, her goal of making more money. She has not asked what she might be giving up, and whether the extra money is worth it. When we think about any decision, we should try avoid thinking of only one side. When we favor one option, we should check our decision by thinking of reasons why we might be wrong. The reasons correspond to the four elements: Good decision makers look for reasons why they might be wrong. For example, if Sara decided to keep babysitting, she could ask for a raise to make up for the difference in money. Sara thought to herself: I guess Josh is more important to me than the money. She considers reasons on both sides. Why is this important? The best decision is the one that takes into account all the reasons on both sides. If you think of only the reasons on one side, you can make mistakes. It often happens that thinking helps you to change your mind and make a better decision, a decision that will achieve your goals more completely. Thinking of the other side has other benefits: It makes you aware of the things you are giving up when you choose one side, and it helps you understand people who see things differently. Then think of a reason that might have caused the person to choose a different option. Could the person have thought of this reason before the decision was made? Could they both have made good decisions?

8: So, You Would Like to Have Three Children! | Short-Winded Blog

I too have 3 children. 3 boys ages 3, 6, & 9, and I completely empathize with you. I love each of my boys more than anything, and I love their different personalities and perspectives, and the hilarious things they say and do.

9: BIRTH PLANNING WHY HAVE CHILDREN? BEST BOOKS

The decision to have a third wasn't driven by rational thinking, but the reality of living with three kids under five is going to necessitate it. Quite a lot. "The decision to have a third wasn't driven by rational thinking" Image: Supplied.

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Otters (Worldlife Library) Geophysical, lithologic, and water-quality data from Soggy Dry Lake, San Bernardino County, California Evolution, order, and complexity Even during the last fifty years travel has changed a great deal as more people are New Scalp acupuncture Social change and rural development Machine generated contents note: PART I: IN THE BEGINNING The Way Of The Master Evidence Bible A Guide to current policies and practices. The Rainbow Connection Thoughts and details on the high and low prices of the last thirty years . Corruption in Kuwait God and personality Psychomotor individualized educational programs for intellectual, learning, and behavioral disabilities The figure of Martin Luther in twentieth-century German literature The Court and Camp of David World currencies and fractional list a-z Introduction to ocean sciences Franklin D. Roosevelt: His Life and Times Escape to paradisemargaritaville margarita maker manual Jurgen Partenheimer Nmr metabolomics in cancer research Measures of economic inequality Acupressure for lovers On Location With Love and Brandy Why do dogs have wet noses book Implantable sensors for closed-loop prosthetic systems Hindi, Urdu Bengali Richard branson screw it let do it Avatar the last airbender the search part 3 Mark Fagan, mayor. The iconography of the series. Preventing sales force complacency : the silent killer of sales effectiveness Rural Poor in the Great Depression Importance of english language essay Where Evil Reigns Key 7: Delivering More Than Promised Standards of Value New baby shopping list A Guide for Using Charlie the Chocolate Factory in the Classroom