

1: Intelligible | Definition of Intelligible by Merriam-Webster

Intelligibility definition, the quality or condition of being intelligible; capability of being understood. See more.

May 24, at I heard a recording of Sandberg reciting droning his Four Preludes on Pieces of the Wind in such a shocking undertoned presentation that I wondered if he was reading from flash cards on which was only one word at a time. This is simply not language. Singer is not language. Whether sung or spoken, all syllables are not created equal nor are all words. All linguistic elements in heightened, or communicative speech, lead to or from more important words or syllables which are particular to the syntax of the target language. Explosive consonants are useless if they draw attention to themselves out of context. All and only the sharp parts stick out. I heard a performance by a nationally revered choir earlier this spring, religiously do this. Consider, instead the way English works. The less important words syllables lead to and away from more important words syllable. What does the quick brown fox do? Jumps is the high point, the stress of the utterance. And then we get to the LAzy dog. Or perhaps you prefer jumps Over the LAzy dog. Now visualize a circus tent. OV and LA are at the top of the supporting poles and the rest of the words on the tent follow the sloping lines of the tent to and from these stress areas. This is the way English works and, to greater degree, German. French and Italian not so much. Unlike that Girl from Nantucket imprisoned in metrical plexiglass, English poetry musical text should not be similarly imprisoned in unyielding scansion. Find the poetry in prose and the prose in the poetry and find the way to justify poetry set to even regular quarter notes Choose something like a Star, for instance can be poetic in more natural linguistic stresses. Otherwise, the text is hypnotized and neither poetically or musically meaningful. If each word and every syllable is of the same weight, there is no language, just evenly apportioned utterances. Good Luck with that! To be understandable, language must be true to the song, the differences, of each language. French and Italian, when spoken, do not sound like English because they do not conform to the general meter of iambic pentameter, they are much more like prose utterances. German is somewhere between because the verb may appear as the very last word and there can be long stretches of flowing text before one actually knows what happens or in which tense.

2: Intelligibility Synonyms, Intelligibility Antonyms | www.enganchecubano.com

The Intelligibility of Nature: How Science Makes Sense of the World focuses on science's role as applied knowledge, which moves from theory to applications in daily life, and provides a history of the ongoing conflicts between theory development and applications.

This section does not cite any sources. Please help improve this section by adding citations to reliable sources. Unsourced material may be challenged and removed. However, many groups of languages are partly mutually intelligible, i. Often the languages are genetically related, and they are likely to be similar to each other in grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation, or other features. Intelligibility among languages can vary between individuals or groups within a language population according to their knowledge of various registers and vocabulary in their own language, their exposure to additional related languages, their interest in or familiarity with other cultures, the domain of discussion, psycho-cognitive traits, the mode of language used written vs. Mutually intelligible languages or varieties of one language[edit] There is no formal distinction between two distinct languages and two varieties of a single language, but some linguists use mutual intelligibility as one of the primary factors in deciding between the two cases. On the other hand, speakers of closely related languages can often communicate with each other; thus there are varying degrees of mutual intelligibility, and often other criteria are also used. As an example, in the case of a linear dialect continuum that shades gradually between varieties, where speakers near the center can understand the varieties at both ends, but speakers at one end cannot understand the speakers at the other end, the entire chain is often considered a single language. If the central varieties then die out and only the varieties at both ends survive, they may then be reclassified as two languages, even though no actual language change has occurred. In addition, political and social conventions often override considerations of mutual intelligibility. For example, the varieties of Chinese are often considered a single language even though there is usually no mutual intelligibility between geographically separated varieties. Another similar example would be varieties of Arabic. In contrast, there is often significant intelligibility between different Scandinavian languages, but as each of them has its own standard form, they are classified as separate languages. To deal with the conflict in cases such as Arabic, Chinese and German, the term *Dachsprache* a sociolinguistic "umbrella language" is sometimes seen: Chinese and German are languages in the sociolinguistic sense even though some speakers cannot understand each other without recourse to a standard or prestige form. Asymmetric intelligibility[edit] Asymmetric intelligibility refers to two languages that are considered partially mutually intelligible, but where one group of speakers has more difficulty understanding the other language than the other way around. There can be various reasons for this. If, for example, one language is related to another but has simplified its grammar, the speakers of the original language may understand the simplified language, but not vice versa. Perhaps the most common reason for apparent asymmetric intelligibility is that speakers of one variety have more exposure to the other than vice versa. For example, speakers of Scottish English have frequent exposure to standard American English through movies and TV programs, whereas speakers of American English have little exposure to Scottish English; hence, American English speakers often find it difficult to understand Scottish English or, especially, Scots which differs significantly from standard Scottish English, whereas Scots tend to have few problems understanding standard American English. Northern Germanic languages spoken in Scandinavia form a dialect continuum where two furthestmost dialects have almost no mutual intelligibility. Additionally, Norwegian assimilated a considerable amount of Danish vocabulary as well as traditional Danish expressions. List of mutually intelligible languages[edit] Below is an incomplete list of fully and partially mutually intelligible varieties sometimes considered languages. Written and spoken forms[edit].

3: Define intelligible | Dictionary and Thesaurus

Intelligibility is paramount for non-native speakers. Her difficulty producing sounds resulted in a reduction of the intelligibility of her speech. Afrikaans is derived primarily from 17th century Dutch dialects, and a great deal of mutual

intelligibility still exists.

4: diction - Dictionary Definition : www.enganchecubano.com

Hyponyms (each of the following is a kind of "intelligibility"): readability (the quality of written language that makes it easy to read and understand) speech intelligibility (the intelligibility of speech (usually measured in the presence of noise or distortion)).

5: Intelligibility (communication) - Wikipedia

1. the articulation of speech regarded from the point of view of its intelligibility to the audience 2. the manner in which something is expressed in words Familiarity information: DICTION used as a noun is rare.

6: speech intelligibility - definition, etymology and usage, examples and related words

Synonyms for intelligibility at www.enganchecubano.com with free online thesaurus, antonyms, and definitions. Find descriptive alternatives for intelligibility.

7: intelligibility - Portuguese translation - www.enganchecubano.com English-Portuguese dictionary

Translation for 'intelligibility' in the free English-Swedish dictionary and many other Swedish translations.

8: Mutual intelligibility - Wikipedia

Definition of intelligibility noun in Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary. Meaning, pronunciation, picture, example sentences, grammar, usage notes, synonyms and more. We use cookies to enhance your experience on our website, including to provide targeted advertising and track usage.

9: What does intelligibility mean? definition and meaning (Free English Language Dictionary)

These examples are from the Cambridge English Corpus and from sources on the web. Any opinions in the examples do not represent the opinion of the Cambridge Dictionary editors or of Cambridge University Press or its licensors.

Key to Motivation Louisiana Governors Australian Dictionary of Biography, Volume 16 Campaigns of Montrose Letters of a Victorian Army Officer Format for writing a research proposal Speakers and subjectivity: Toward a crisis of linguistic historicism. Programmable logic device handbook Deploying license wireless wide-area networks Gravlee cardiopulmonary bypass 4th edition Indian Trust Counsel Authority Quevedo El Buscon Gunn-effect electronics Ncert solutions for class 10 science Psychoanalytic theory of male homosexuality All-new Complete Cooking Light Cookbook (Cooking Light) Tally objective question paper Pragmatism Versus Marxism Student admission to higher education in Singapore The hell raisers of Wycombe Ibm spss statistics 20 tutorial Exercise programming for older adults Financial inclusion Core Concepts in Health, Brief Update Psychological theory of entrepreneurship A Rich Full Death Handbook of Acoustics, 1 Les Refrains Chez Les Trouveres Du Xiie Siecle Au Debut Du Xive (American University Studies, Series II) Postcard from Seoul The topsy-turvy teacher Mangrove crabs of Karachi Planning for learning Margaret Postance Microfilm edition of the pre-Revolutionary diaries, 1635-1774 Dreams of flesh and sand. U201e VII. The Opening of our Lords Side 488 A panegyricke to the most honourable and renovvned Lord, the Lord Hays vicount of Doncaster, His Maiestie Columbine: a story that wont let go Wounds of Body, Wounds of Mind Pg 71 Why women were not a problem in nineteenth-century Chinese thought Susan Mann. 4. Longshore Pub 191