

1: Oxford Dictionaries | The World's Most Trusted Dictionary Provider

adjective. of, relating to, or characteristic of England or its inhabitants, institutions, etc.; belonging or relating to, or spoken or written in, the English language: a high-school English class; an English translation of a Spanish novel.

A Chinese dictionary, the *c. Philitas of Cos fl.* Written in verse, it listed around 10,000 words. The oldest existing Japanese dictionary, the *c. In Frahang-i Pahlavig*, Aramaic heterograms are listed together with their translation in Middle Persian language and phonetic transcription in Pazardan alphabet. Arabic dictionaries were compiled between the 8th and 14th centuries CE, organizing words in rhyme order by the last syllable, by alphabetical order of the radicals, or according to the alphabetical order of the first letter the system used in modern European language dictionaries. The *Qamus al-Muhit* is the first handy dictionary in Arabic, which includes only words and their definitions, eliminating the supporting examples used in such dictionaries as the *Lisan* and the *Oxford English Dictionary*. The *Catholicon* by Johannes Balbus, a large grammatical work with an alphabetical lexicon, was widely adopted. It served as the basis for several bilingual dictionaries and was one of the earliest books in to be printed. In Robert Estienne published the *Thesaurus linguae latinae* and in his son Henri Estienne published the *Thesaurus linguae graecae*, which served up to the 19th century as the basis of Greek lexicography. It served as the model for similar works in French and English. Between and was published the *Vocabulario portuguez e latino* written by Raphael Bluteau. The *Totius Latinitatis lexicon* by Egidio Forcellini was firstly published in 1713; it has formed the basis of all similar works that have since been published. The first edition of *A Greek-English Lexicon* by Henry George Liddell and Robert Scott appeared in 1842; this work remained the basic dictionary of Greek until the end of the 20th century. In the same year appeared the first volume of the *Woordenboek der Nederlandsche Taal* which was completed in 1866. The *Duden* dictionary dates back to 1781, and is currently the prescriptive source for the spelling of German. The decision to start work on the *Svenska Akademiens ordbok* was taken in 1786. The word "dictionary" was invented by an Englishman called John of Garland in 1158; he had written a book *Dictionarius* to help with Latin "diction". The only surviving copy is found at the Bodleian Library in Oxford. This dictionary, and the many imitators which followed it, was seen as unreliable and nowhere near definitive. *Glossographia* by Thomas Blount, published in 1656, contains more than 10,000 words along with their etymologies or histories. This created more interest in the dictionaries. Many people today mistakenly believe that Johnson wrote the first English dictionary: It took nearly 50 years to complete this huge work, and they finally released the complete OED in twelve volumes in 1928. It remains the most comprehensive and trusted English language dictionary to this day, with revisions and updates added by a dedicated team every three months. One of the main contributors to this modern dictionary was an ex-army surgeon, William Chester Minor, a convicted murderer who was confined to an asylum for the criminally insane. In Webster began compiling an expanded and fully comprehensive dictionary, *An American Dictionary of the English Language*; it took twenty-seven years to complete. Webster completed his dictionary during his year abroad in Paris, France, and at the University of Cambridge. His book contained seventy thousand words, of which twelve thousand had never appeared in a published dictionary before. As a spelling reformer, Webster believed that English spelling rules were unnecessarily complex, so his dictionary introduced American English spellings, replacing "colour" with "color", substituting "wagon" for "waggon", and printing "center" instead of "centre". He also added American words, like "skunk" and "squash", that did not appear in British dictionaries. At the age of seventy, Webster published his dictionary in 1828; it sold 100,000 copies. In 1840, the second edition was published in two volumes. Types In a general dictionary, each word may have multiple meanings. Some dictionaries include each separate meaning in the order of most common usage while others list definitions in historical order, with the oldest usage first. Dictionaries are most commonly found in the form of a book, but some newer dictionaries, like *StarDict* and the *New Oxford American Dictionary* are dictionary software running on PDAs or computers. There are also many online dictionaries accessible via the Internet. Specialized dictionaries Main article: Specialized dictionary According to the *Manual of Specialized Lexicographies*, a specialized dictionary, also referred to as a technical dictionary, is a dictionary that focuses upon a specific subject field. Following the description in *The Bilingual LSP*

Dictionary, lexicographers categorize specialized dictionaries into three types: A multi-field dictionary broadly covers several subject fields e. For example, the language Inter-Active Terminology for Europe is a multi-field dictionary, the American National Biography is a single-field, and the African American National Biography Project is a sub-field dictionary. In terms of the coverage distinction between "minimizing dictionaries" and "maximizing dictionaries", multi-field dictionaries tend to minimize coverage across subject fields for instance, Oxford Dictionary of World Religions and Yadgar Dictionary of Computer and Internet Terms [21] whereas single-field and sub-field dictionaries tend to maximize coverage within a limited subject field The Oxford Dictionary of English Etymology. Another variant is the glossary , an alphabetical list of defined terms in a specialized field, such as medicine medical dictionary. Defining dictionaries The simplest dictionary, a defining dictionary , provides a core glossary of the simplest meanings of the simplest concepts. From these, other concepts can be explained and defined, in particular for those who are first learning a language. In English, the commercial defining dictionaries typically include only one or two meanings of under words. With these, the rest of English, and even the most common English idioms and metaphors , can be defined. Noah Webster , intent on forging a distinct identity for the American language, altered spellings and accentuated differences in meaning and pronunciation of some words. This is why American English now uses the spelling color while the rest of the English-speaking world prefers colour. Similarly, British English subsequently underwent a few spelling changes that did not affect American English; see further at American and British English spelling differences. American Heritage goes further, discussing issues separately in numerous "usage notes. Because of the widespread use of dictionaries in schools, and their acceptance by many as language authorities, their treatment of the language does affect usage to some degree, with even the most descriptive dictionaries providing conservative continuity. In the long run, however, the meanings of words in English are primarily determined by usage, and the language is being changed and created every day. The roots of language are irrational and of a magical nature. Dictionaries for natural language processing In contrast to traditional dictionaries, which are designed to be used by human beings, dictionaries for natural language processing NLP are built to be used by computer programs. The final user is a human being but the direct user is a program. Such a dictionary does not need to be able to be printed on paper. The structure of the content is not linear, ordered entry by entry but has the form of a complex network see Diathesis alternation. Because most of these dictionaries are used to control machine translations or cross-lingual information retrieval CLIR the content is usually multilingual and usually of huge size. In order to allow formalized exchange and merging of dictionaries, an ISO standard called Lexical Markup Framework LMF has been defined and used among the industrial and academic community.

2: Dictionary, translation, definition | English, Spanish, German | Reverso

Word History: English is derived from England, one would think. But in fact the language name is found long before the country name. The latter first appears as Englalund around the year and means "the land of the Engle," that is, the Angles.

3: English - Wiktionary

The most popular dictionary and thesaurus. Definitions & meanings of words in English with examples, synonyms, pronunciations and translations.

4: Home : Oxford English Dictionary

English is the language spoken in Great Britain and Ireland, the United States, Canada, Australia, and many other countries.

5: English | Define English at www.enganchecubano.com

English. Oxford Dictionaries definitions. Looking for the meanings of words, phrases, and expressions? We provide hundreds of thousands of definitions, synonyms, antonyms, and pronunciations for English and other languages, derived from our language research and expert analysis.

6: English | Oxford Dictionaries

English definition is - of, relating to, or characteristic of England, the English people, or the English language. How to use English in a sentence. of, relating to, or characteristic of England, the English people, or the English language; of or relating to England or its people.

7: English Dictionary

'A principio can mean both 'in the beginning' and 'from the beginning', and the double meaning is significant.' 'Possible meanings of words contribute to the meaning of an utterance, which is an act by a speaker.'

8: English to Hindi Dictionary - Meaning - Translation - Definitions

A dictionary is a book in which the words and phrases of a language are listed, usually in alphabetical order, together with their meanings or their translations in another language. We checked the spelling in the dictionary.

9: English Definition & Synonyms | Reverso

The dictionary by Merriam-Webster is America's most trusted online dictionary for English word definitions, meanings, and pronunciation. #wordsmatter.

The Georges Pompidou Centre Drifting Round The World Gennis dilemma Margaret Way Social justice and public policy Roberta Ann Johnson and Robert C. Chope Old Turkish Tales Early education curriculum 7th edition Application of tissue culture in agriculture and horticulture After the Trojan War: Women of Troy, Hecuba, Helen The Writings of Tranquil Nights and Apathetic Days Blank basic account equation balance sheet RNA extraction H. Shi and R. Bressan Life and letters of John Locke The rape of nanking iris chang Remote interior angles worksheet Good Garden Magic Writing in Ancient Egypt (Writing in the Ancient World) George Rogers Clark. A systems and complexity perspective Taking sides clashing views on educational issues 18th edition The book of certitude Hunter College (NY (College History) Fundamentals of machine elements 3rd edition Alekhines Anti-Gruenfeld Attack Are 144 reinsurance principles and practices BOUNTIFUL CHRISTMASTIDE: Origins and Growth of Sociological Theory The Dawes Observatory, 1788-1791 Chew on this Toward A Feminist Rhetoric Typography now-the next wave Inside Central America Yellowstone Fishing Guide Matched asymptotic expansions in reaction-diffusion theory Compassionate Carnivore In-training in information and special library units Modern biology active ing worksheets Rev. Dr. David O.V. Lot Psychodynamics and psychopathology Two Shakespearean Comedies Quality management for the technology sector