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HOWTO Secure and Audit Oracle 10g and 11g - CRC Press Book Oracle is the number one database engine in use today. The fact that it is the choice of military organizations and agencies around the world is part of the company's legacy and is evident in the product.

Kulpa and Kent A. Hussey and Steven E. Reasonable efforts have been made to publish reliable data and information, but the author and publisher cannot assume responsibility for the validity of all materials or the consequences of their use. The authors and publishers have attempted to trace the copyright holders of all material reproduced in this publication and apologize to copyright holders if permission to publish in this form has not been obtained. If any copyright material has not been acknowledged please write and let us know so we may rectify in any future reprint. Except as permitted under U. Copyright Law, no part of this book may be reprinted, reproduced, transmitted, or utilized in any form by any electronic, mechanical, or other means, now known or hereafter invented, including photocopying, microfilming, and recording, or in any information storage or retrieval system, without written permission from the publishers. For permission to photocopy or use material electronically from this work, please access [www. CCC](http://www.CCC.org) is a not-for-profit organization that provides licenses and registration for a variety of users. For organizations that have been granted a photocopy license by the CCC, a separate system of payment has been arranged. Product or corporate names may be trademarks or registered trademarks, and are used only for identification and explanation without intent to infringe. Oracle Computer file 2. History of Listener Security Alerts Protect Your Password Hashes Identifying the Real User Impact on Oracle Security Implementations Securing Oracle databases is more important today than it was many years ago when I started dedicating my business and research life purely to thinking about and providing companies and the community with assistance in securing their data held in Oracle databases. Companies have also been more widely reporting an increase in internal rather than external attacks to their systems. Unfortunately, most companies have open network architectures and most employees have indirect or direct access to the database whether intended or not due to open routing policies and also standard desktop builds. As we have seen, the biggest threat in recent times comes from internal attacks; this could again be intentional or unintentional. Remember, in the world of securing data, the adversary that the Database Administrator DBA has to compete with may not be a hacker; he or she may be a fellow employee who has too much access that allows damage and unauthorized changes to data and the database itself to occur, or any other of the myriad of situations that allow people unauthorized access, again intended or not. Securing an Oracle database and the data held in it should be of utmost importance to all of the people within an organization—from the managers who write the checks to the DBAs, developers, security analysts, users, and owners of the data. I should make a clear distinction here. Only then can we start to secure the data using the tools provided by Oracle. I believe that if you understand your data you can secure it. A methodology should teach the principles and obviously discuss the features and tools that Oracle provides, but it must also teach how to understand the risks to the data. This is important as it means the book is useful to any customer of Oracle since Ron uses the techniques and tools provided with the Oracle license additional cost options are discussed, as well such as Audit vault or Virtual Private Database. This is a practical book that any layman can follow and the core concepts are well explained. Did I mention that Oracle security is complex? I think Ron has achieved this. I was particularly impressed with the clear discussions on privileges; this has been my main bugbear with lots of customers; I see lots of sites with excessive privileges, serious privileges, wide-ranging access for lots of people; if we can teach users of data the importance of access to only the data they should access and only at the times they should access it, we would have made massive progress toward secure data. Enjoy this book but most importantly learn from it and use it to secure your data. I would like to thank the whole crew at Guardium for helping me deal with the complex topics of security and Governance, Risk and Compliance GRC in large database environments every single day. Finally, I would like to thank the many people I have worked with over the years on Oracle security—those that I have met as Guardium customers, and others who I have interacted with in Oracle

forums. The list of people is too long to mention here but if you have ever taken the time to sit down with me and explain what you need, I thank you for that. Ron Ben-Natan xiii Author Ron Ben-Natan has more than 20 years of experience developing enterprise applications and security technology for blue-chip companies. Prior to this he has worked for companies such as Merrill Lynch, J. Ron is an expert in distributed application environments, application security, and database security. He has authored 11 technical books including *Implementing Database Security and Auditing*. He speaks frequently at database and security seminars including sessions run by Oracle University. An oracle is a person or agency considered to be a source of wise counsel or prophetic opinion; an infallible authority, usually spiritual in nature. It may also be a revealed prediction or precognition of the future, from deities, that is spoken through another object. In the ancient world many sites gained a reputation for the dispensing of oracular wisdom: A pretty good name for a database management system DBMS. But there is another important bit of history behind the use of the word Oracle to name the database engine. The code name for the project was Oracle the CIA saw this as the system to give all answers to all kind of questions intelligence analysts had. Larry Ellison and Bob Miner saw the opportunity to take what they had started as part of this project and market it. Maybe this origin is the reason that Oracle has more security-related functions, products, and tools both built by Oracle as well as available as third-party products than any other comparable DBMS in the world. Unfortunately, the fact that these capabilities exist does not mean that they are always well-known and used correctly. In fact most users of the Oracle database, even those who have been working with Oracle for many years, are often familiar with less than 20 percent of the security mechanisms within Oracle. There are many other forms that this data can take—data in documents, data in e-mails, data in IM messages, etc. These do not usually live inside the database and there are other tools and techniques not covered in this book for securing these endpoints. These data elements are often permutations of data that was sourced from a database. Almost all information that you and your organization consider to be valuable resides in a database in some form or at some point in time. What if your proposal required you to add 10 to your headcount? Will it still be so obvious that you need to secure the data to that level? That depends on what value this investment provides at a business level and what business problem this investment solves. At a very high level, the reasons for securing your data fall into two broad categories—you need to avoid a data breach and you need to remain in compliance with some internal or external set of requirements. Both data breaches and noncompliance can cost an organization dearly. Noncompliance too can be very costly. When you build your business case for elevating the security of your data you may have to justify it with a return on investment ROI. You usually do not need to justify this part with an ROI. Security is in many ways like buying insurance. There is no ROI on buying home insurance. If nothing happens during that year and normally nothing does then you get no return on a sizable investment. This is where ROI comes in. Given a set of requirements, there are usually many ways to achieve them. At this point, you will have to justify your decisions to implement one method over another—and this is done by showing that one method has a much better ROI than another. Data Breaches There are many resources and Web sites that track data breaches. This list enumerates more than just database-related breaches—it lists all kinds of data-related breaches which include also things like stolen laptops, etc. This list only covers reported incidents—and not all incidents are reported by any stretch. The list covers only incidents reported in the United States. This includes a running total of the number of records that have been compromised. Just to give you an idea of the magnitude of the problem—between and June there have been at least million records compromised as part of the reported data breaches in the United States. Here is a small sampling of some known incidents involving database breaches not necessarily Oracle databases: The breach occurred on August 1 but was not detected until the end of the month. There was no hacking involved—just a misuse of insider privileges. The incident was discovered because a local woman complained about receiving calls from a Progressive agent inquiring about her house being under foreclosure—not because there was any database monitoring or auditing in place. These activities led to customers receiving marketing solicitations—which was how the incident was exposed. The stolen information included names, addresses, and e-mail addresses plus a variety of account activity information. The company reported that it discovered and eliminated unauthorized code. Although it did not provide

urther details, it is likely that this was done by a privileged user. Data breaches have, unfortunately, become part of our daily lives. In addition to looking at long lists of incidents, it is instrumental to look at some commonalities. This report draws from over forensic engagements handled by the Verizon Business Investigative Response team over a period of four years. The report provides statistics on how breaches occur, where they occur most in terms of verticals, what methods were used, and more. For example, the report lists that most breaches resulted from a combination of events rather than a single event but in almost all cases some form of error contributed to a compromise, whereas less than a quarter of attacks exploited vulnerabilities. This shows how important it is to know how to use the security options correctly. This is shown in Figure 1. The importance of visibility—visibility into where sensitive data resides, visibility into who or what is accessing sensitive data, visibility into controls—is perhaps the most important element that must exist for a database to be secure.

2: Howto Secure and Audit Oracle 10g and 11g by Ron Ben-Natan

Written by Ron Ben Natan, one of the most respected and knowledgeable database security experts in the world, HOWTO Secure and Audit Oracle 10g and 11g shows readers how to navigate the options, select the right tools and avoid common pitfalls.

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and explain what you need, I thank you for that. Ron Ben-Natan xv Author Ron Ben-Natan has more than 20 years of experience developing enterprise applications and security technology for blue-chip companies. Prior to this he has worked for companies such as Merrill Lynch, J. Ron is an expert in distributed application environments, application security, and database security. He has authored 11 technical books including *Implementing Database Security and Auditing*. He speaks frequently at database and security seminars including sessions run by Oracle University. An oracle is a person or agency considered to be a source of wise counsel or prophetic opinion; an infallible authority, usually spiritual in nature. It may also be a revealed prediction or precognition of the future, from deities, that is spoken through another object. In the ancient world many sites gained a reputation for the dispensing of oracular wisdom: A pretty good name for a database management system DBMS. But there is another important bit of history behind the use of the word Oracle to name the database engine. The code name for the project was Oracle the CIA saw this as the system to give all answers to all kind of questions intelligence analysts had. Larry Ellison and Bob Miner saw the opportunity to take what they had started as part of this project and market it. Maybe this origin is the reason that Oracle has more security-related functions, products, and tools both built by Oracle as well as available as third-party products than any other comparable DBMS in the world. Unfortunately, the fact that these capabilities exist does not mean that they are always well-known and used correctly. In fact most users of the Oracle database, even those who have been working with Oracle for many years, are often familiar with less than 20 percent of the security mechanisms within Oracle. 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Both data breaches and noncompliance can cost an organization dearly. Noncompliance too can be very costly. When you build your business case for elevating the security of your data you may have to justify it with a return on investment ROI. You usually do not need to justify this part with an ROI. Security is in many ways like buying insurance. There is no ROI on buying home insurance. If nothing happens during that year and normally nothing does then you get no return on a sizable investment. This is where ROI comes in. Given a set of requirements, there are usually many ways to achieve them. At this point, you will have to justify your decisions to implement one method over another—and this is done by showing that one method has a much better ROI than another. Data Breaches There are many resources and Web sites that track data breaches. 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The incident was discovered because a local woman complained about receiving calls from a Progressive agent inquiring about her house being under foreclosure—not because there was any database monitoring or auditing in place. These activities led to customers receiving marketing solicitations—which was how the incident was exposed. In August, Monster. In September, TD Ameritrade reported that information on 6. The stolen information included names, addresses, and e-mail addresses plus a variety of account activity information. The company reported that it discovered and eliminated unauthorized code. Although it did not provide further details, it is likely that this

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4: Howto Secure And Audit Oracle 10g And 11g – PDF Download Site

The author describes the security functions of Oracle 10g and 11g such as the configuration settings, data encryption, auditing techniques, risk assessment tools and advanced options such as Virtual Private Database and Audit Vault.

5: Oracle OCP World » How to check Audit Failed login count in oracle database for security purpose

knowledgeable database security experts in the world, HOWTO Secure and Audit Oracle 10g and 11g shows readers how to navigate the options, select the right tools and avoid common pitfalls. The text is structured as HOWTOs addressing each security function in the context of Oracle 11g.

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firefly wrote: ultimately im just trying to best audit sysdba. i think the threads have digressed things somewhat to how i would have www.enganchecubano.com were on the right track initially. Set AUDIT_SYS_OPERATIONS to true, write the audit files to the file system into a directory that the DBAs cannot write to. Resist the temptation to look for "newer ideas".

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4 HOWTO Secure and Audit Oracle 10g and 11g In August an Air Force spokesman reported that a hacker tapped into a U.S. military database containing Social Security numbers and other personal information for 33, Air Force officers and some enlisted personnel.

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