1: 11 Important Skills for Social Workers

The free printable list of social skills is a great start, but there's even more social skills activities and printables here, if you're interested.

Friendships and having a social circle. Becoming Outgoing and Shedding Social Awkwardness When I read an email from someone trying to improve general social skills, it usually takes the form of: Becoming more outgoing and being more comfortable around other people. Shedding the awkwardness they feel in some social situations. There is certainly a large range with this. Some people might be hopelessly introverted and fumble basic interactions. Other people might just have difficulty being as completely comfortable as they would like in certain situations. They might be accurate, they might not. You can build the muscles, it just takes some practice. The first step to become more outgoing is to systematically destroy all your social fears. You may be to terrified to walk up to complete strangers and introduce yourself. But, you might be able to if you had friends accompany you. I remember a story about construction workers that built skyscrapers. They said that when you work on the job, you get used to the heights. However, if they stopped working construction for a few years, the natural fear of heights would return. Being outgoing requires constantly exposing yourself to things that make you uncomfortable. You wont fall to your death if you slip, but the fear can still hold you back. The next step to becoming outgoing is to find social activities you actually enjoy. Becoming outgoing means you need to travel further and experiment more with different social groups. Join Toastmasters, take classes, drop in on obscure organizations. This steps works with breaking down your fears as a means of becoming more outgoing. Shedding Social Awkwardness Social awkwardness results from not understanding social norms. These are the little steps in the intricate dance of social life. They vary between cultures and even within different groups of people. If you want to shed any social awkwardness, you need to understand this dance and see why people judge you on it. For those of you who read my article on social independence, this may seem like a complete betrayal of those principles. Independence is important for the things that matter to you. Where you draw the line between following norms and being yourself depends on what your values are. Break the norms that have a deeper meaning to you. Decoding Social Norms Nobody can teach you the social norms of your group. Norms are hidden assumptions in the background that people rarely talk about in the open. In my experience, becoming more socially aware is a process of trial and error. This involves two things: The first step is to pay more attention to how people behave. Look for patterns and observe what happens when people violate the understood norms. Spend more time with other people so that you have an intuitive understanding of what makes people tick. The second step is to occasionally violate social norms. If you have a bad experience saying hello to a stranger, you might believe this is an unwritten rule. That person might have been grumpy, instead of revealing a great social truth. Decoding social norms can only be done through practice. Practice is the Cure-All When you boil down any self-improvement effort it usually becomes a matter of experience. Social skills are no different. You may even find out that you were an extrovert all along, and just needed the right push.

2: What are Social Skills? (with pictures)

"Our new publication is based on a survey we did in , but we found almost exactly the same list of desired social skills when we did the survey in ," Elliott said.

Effective Communication - Improving your Social Skills Effective Communication - Improving your Social Skills Building good relationships with other people can greatly reduce stress and anxiety in your life. However, for some people their anxiety can contribute to their avoidance of social situations, and prevent them from building relationships. Unfortunately, one of the consequences of avoiding social situations is that you never have the opportunity to: Often, people have the necessary skills but lack the confidence to use them. Either way, practice will increase your confidence and improve your communication skills. Why Are Communication Skills Important? Communication skills are the key to developing and keeping friendships and to building a strong social support network. They also help you take care of your own needs, while being respectful of the needs of others. Non-verbal communication Conversation skills Assertiveness Note: Of course, there are many aspects to effective communication and you may want more specific help in certain areas e. Non-Verbal Communication A large part of what we communicate to each other is nonverbal. What you say to people with your eyes or your body language is just as powerful as what you say with words. When you feel anxious, you might behave in ways that are designed to avoid communicating with others. For example, you may avoid eye contact or speak very softly. Conversation Skills One of the biggest challenges for someone with social anxiety is starting conversations and keeping them going. It is normal to struggle a bit when you are trying to make small talk, because it is not always easy to think of things to say. This is especially true when feeling anxious. On the other hand, some anxious people talk too much, which can have a negative impression on others. When you communicate assertively, your manner is non-threatening and non-judgmental, and you take responsibility for your own actions. If you are socially anxious, you may have some difficulty expressing your thoughts and feelings openly. Assertiveness skills can be difficult to learn, especially since being assertive can mean holding yourself back from the way you would normally do things. For example, you may be afraid of conflict, always go along with the crowd, and avoid offering your opinions. However, an assertive communication style brings many benefits. For example, it can help you to relate to others more genuinely, with less anxiety and resentment. It also gives you more control over your life, and reduces feelings of helplessness. Assertiveness means getting your own way all the time This is not true. Being assertive means expressing your point of view and communicating honestly with others. But telling others how you feel and trying to work out a compromise shows respect for both yourself and others. Being assertive means being selfish This is false. Just because you express your opinions and your preferences does not mean that other people are forced to go along with you. If you express yourself assertively not aggressively then you make room for others. You can also be assertive on behalf of someone else e. I would like Susan to choose the restaurant this week. Passivity is the way to be loved This is false. Being passive means always agreeing with others, always allowing them to get their own way, giving into their wishes, and making no demands or requests of your own. Behaving this way is no guarantee that others will like or admire you. Much of the time, however, other people will be interested in what you think. Think how you would feel if everyone always agreed with you. I have to do everything I am asked to do False. A central part of being assertive is setting and keeping personal boundaries. This is difficult for many people. But other people cannot possibly know how busy you are, how much you dislike a particular task, or what other plans you have already made unless you tell them. Below are links corresponding to the three areas of communication just outlined. In each section you will find information described in two important steps that can help you get started in identifying your specific difficulties, and improving your communication skills to help you begin building successful and meaningful social relationships.

3: Social Skills Basics Checklist - www.enganchecubano.com

Social workers help their clients function better in society. Some social workers help individuals or families identify and apply for the social services they need. Others provide counseling, assessment, and even clinical diagnostic services in schools or other group settings.

Having great social skills help you meet interesting people, get that job you want, progress further in your career and relationships. But lack of good social skills can make life lonely, causing anxiety and depression. And the need to socialize, to connect with others is fundamental. We all need social contact. Sure, some people find it easier to naturally relax around people, talk and listen confidently. But like any set of skills, social skills can be learned, honed and developed by anyone. And social skills training are a vital part of building confidence. But what are social skills? So calming down is vital. But relaxing in social situations helps in another way too. This article on how to control your emotions may help you: How to Control Your Emotions People make a huge mistake though when they assume that gaining good social skills is just about starting to speak well. Take a look at the next skill: The art of connection When you had dinner with Gladstone, you were left feeling that he was the most charming person you had ever met. But after dinner with Disraeli, you felt that you were the wittiest, the most intelligent, the most charming person. Good listening skills include: To listen well to others you need to develop real interest in them. The best social situations are the ones in which you actually forget about yourself and become focused on what is going on and other people. A major social skill is being able to focus outward. Take a look at this how to overcome shyness article: How to Stop Being Shy 4 Knowing how to build rapport Rapport is a state of understanding or connection that occurs in a good social interaction. It says basically "I am like you, we understand each other". Rapport occurs on an unconscious level, and when it happens between two people you can see it because, the language, speech patterns, body movement and posture of the two people seem to mirror and match. Rapport is an unconscious process, but it can be increased as part of social skills training. When you are within someone match their body posture and expressions. Reflecting back language and speech, including rate, volume, tone, and words. Feeding back what you have heard. Good initial small-talk is often characterized by discussion of subjects not personal to either party, or by an exchanging of personal views in a balanced way. Immediately describing your deepest desires and darkest fears to a stranger may freak them out. However, as conversations and relationships progress, disclosing personal facts small, non-emotional ones first! Now lets look at the importance of how your eyes communicate. Too much eye contact too early on in a relationship can be unsettling too. Research on attractiveness has shown not surprisingly that smiling whilst looking directly at someone makes you appear much more attractive 1 Having great social skills will enhance your life. Mark Tyrrell, the author of this article, has also created a set of hypnosis downloads to help build social confidence. Hypnosis is extremely effective in increasing social comfort as it allows you to experience the social situation without actually being there. This allows you to relax and rehearse new social skills so they become natural in the situation itself. Social Skills Training Pack Learn how to overcome social anxiety Click here to get a range of tips, tricks and techniques for overcoming social anxiety in your email, created by Mark Tyrrell our co-founder. Though unsurprisingly, there was a greater preference for smiles.

4: Kids' Health - Topics - Social skills - for children

From your completed 'Social Skills Checklist', list here skills you think you need to improve. Then work with your partner to identify steps needed to accomplish that skillâ€"if it takes more than three steps, add however many you need.

These traits help build an internal moral compass, allowing individuals to make good choices in thinking and behavior, resulting in social competence. The important social skills identified by the Employment and Training Administration are: Mentoring â€" Teaching and helping others how to do something e. Negotiation â€" Discussion aimed at reaching an agreement. Persuasion â€" The action or fact of persuading someone or of being persuaded to do or believe something. Service Orientation â€" Actively looking for ways to evolve compassionately and grow psycho-socially with people. Social skills are goal oriented with both main goals and sub-goals. This will gather information, and then the sub-goal will be to establish a rapport in order to obtain the main goal. Adolescents with ADHD are less likely to develop close friendships and romantic relationships; they are usually regarded by their peers as immature or as social outcasts, with an exception for peers that have ADHD or related disorders themselves, or a high level of tolerance for such symptoms. As they begin to mature, however, it becomes easier to make such relationships. Training in social skills, behavioral modification, and medication have some beneficial effects. Poor peer relationships can contribute to major depression, criminality, school failure, and substance use disorders. This can often create a downward spiral effect for people with mental illnesses like anxiety or depression. Due to anxiety experienced from concerns with interpersonal evaluation and fear of negative reaction by others, surfeit expectations of failure or social rejection in socialization leads to avoiding or shutting down from social interactions. Psychopathy in the workplace, Narcissism in the workplace, and Anti-social behaviour The authors of the book Snakes in Suits: When Psychopaths Go to Work explore psychopathy in workplace. The FBI consultants describe a five phase model of how a typical psychopath climbs to and maintains power. Many traits exhibited by these individuals include: Babiak and Hare say for corporate psychopaths, success is defined as the best revenge and their problem behaviors are repeated "ad infinitum" due to little insight and their proto-emotions such as "anger, frustration, and rage" is refracted as irresistible charm. The authors note that lack of emotional literacy and moral conscience is often confused with toughness, the ability to make hard decisions, and effective crisis management. Babiak and Hare also emphasizes a reality they identified with psychopaths from studies that psychopaths are not able to be influenced by any sort of therapy. They can be charming, pompous show-offs, and can also be selfish, exploitative and entitled. It is their finding that grandiose narcissists are less prone to low self-esteem and neuroticism and are less susceptible to the anxiety and depression that can affect vulnerable narcissists when coupled with envy. They characterize vulnerable narcissists as those who "believe they are special, and want to be seen that wayâ€"but are just not that competent, or charming. They tend to be self-conscious and passive, but also prone to outbursts of potentially violent aggression if their inflated self-image is threatened. David Kealy at the University of British Columbia in Canada states that narcissism might aid temporarily but in the long run it is better to be true to oneself, have personal integrity, and be kind to others.

5: 16 Basic Social Skills | The Houseparent Network Blog

Social skills are the skills we use to communicate and interact with each other, both verbally and non-verbally, through gestures, body language and our personal appearance. Human beings are sociable creatures and we have developed many ways to communicate our messages, thoughts and feelings with.

Print this Page Does your child have social skills challenges? In my work in Spokane, social skills are the number one concern of parents. However, if you find yourself checking more than a few of these boxes, you may want to seek additional help. This is only of concern if more than expected, given his age and developmental level. Turns his back on others frequently. Uses others in a functional but impersonal way. Hugs or touches others rarely, or with little emotional or physical contact. Often rejected by other kids. Seems emotionally disconnected from others. Using mispronounced names is common and not of concern. Has unusual interests such as train schedules. Has begun to engage in free-time behaviors of concern to you. Is extremely social but unsuccessful, or seems disconnected from others. Has no or few friends. Is not accepted by peers at school or elsewhere. Emotions Becomes extremely anxious, has panic attacks, or experiences social anxiety around others. Shows confusion over how to make friends or respond to other people. Displays sadness over social difficulties. Get mad or angry too easily at others, turning small issues into bigger battles. Shows little or no empathy toward others. For example, stands or walks too closely, picks nose at school lunch table, or hugs people indiscriminately. Tries to make friends in rudimentary and ineffective ways. Seems unaware of how to select the right friends and be wary of strangers. For example, is willing to accept anyone as a friend right away. Displays bizarre or unwelcome social behaviors, such as howling like a wolf, grabbing other kids, or yelling. Has bullied or become physical with others. Is inflexible or has difficulty with transitions. Needs help with basic social interaction skills, such as how to make friends, meet others, join others in play, solve problems, or have mutual conversations. Conversation Refuses to talk in certain locations, such as will talk at home but not at school. Argues often with others beyond typical with siblings. Talks endlessly about the own topic, without checking to see if the listener is interested. Forgets to ask the listener questions. Chooses conversation topics that are immature for age and developmental level of peers. Goes into too much detail. Does not read nonverbal signals that listener is bored, uninterested, or wants to change topics. Seems not to notice how he is perceived by others. Worry that your child does not exhibit basic social interaction skills? Cringe when you see your child interact with others? Frequently help your child interact with other children his or her age, beyond what you think should be needed? If this Social Skills Checklist helped you identify some challenges your child may have, consider getting help. Many children can learn these skills, if taught in ways they can understand. Year for Change LLC. This site is for informational purposes only, not advice. It is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure or prevent any condition.

6: List of 50 Social Skills to Teach Kids | And Next Comes L

Social Play. Maintain proximity to peers within 1 foot. Take turns during simple games. Play associatively with other children. Respond to interactions.

Social work requires a diverse and demanding range of professional, emotional, and cognitive skills. In fact, becoming a life-long learner is an ethical requirement of professional social workers. While there is no definitive list, here are a few qualities and skills required to be a social worker. This means reflecting back what clients say and being engaged in every conversation so that they know you understand them. Good listening establishes trust and respect early on, so clients will feel comfortable confiding in you. Most importantly, active listening not only builds a therapeutic alliance, but clients also feel seen and understood by you. Feeling visible and affirmed is a core component of any therapeutic alliance in any practice setting. Emotional Intelligence EQ Many people who decide to be social workers already have a high EQ, or emotional intelligence. This includes high levels of self-awareness, empathy, and sensitivity to others. Social work will often require balancing what you know e. Organization In addition to helping clients, social workers provide case management services, such as billing, maintaining collateral relationships, making phone calls, and networking with other service providers. Critical Thinking People are complex, and our clients often seek help for problems in many domains of their lives. Being able to think on your feet and to think critically and creatively will allow you to effectively help your clients. Tolerance Social workers work with diverse clients. Being culturally responsive and approaching clients who are from different racial, socio-economic, and ethnic communities with respect and openness is a core component of social work practice. Setting Boundaries Social workers often feel that their work is never truly complete, and many take the emotional stress of their work home with them intentionally or not. Leaving work at the office and enjoying personal time will make you a more effective professional and a happier individual. Empathy Understanding others intellectually, culturally, and emotionally is important in social work. Without understanding or empathy, it is almost impossible to help clients. Empathy, like all skills, can be understood and honed. Most people who choose to be social workers are already naturally empathic, but it still merits practice. Communication Social workers must communicate in many different ways and with many different people. It is important to be clear and transparent about the scope of services that you can provide as their social worker. This means saying what is within the realm of possibility and what is not. These can be hard conversations to have, especially when you want to do all you can to help your client. But, as you will learn in time, we have our limits. Be sure to incorporate this discussion as you are building a relationship during contracting and goal setting. Thus, this process is both written and verbally explored. Additional communication occurs between care providers, and you will be required to document what you do with your clients and to provide written reports for third party payers, your supervisor or agency administration, and co-workers. When you are dedicated, it can take a lot out of you. It is essential to your health and the efficacy of your practice that you take care of yourself, emotionally and psychologically. You will derive more fulfillment from your work, and you will be a more effective helper to your clients if you take steps to fortify your personal strengths and capacities. Social work is an incredibly meaningful career. It allows you to bring the best of yourself, a set of theories and knowledge about human development and behavior, and a range of practice approaches to help human beings who have experienced oppression, marginalization, mental illness, addiction, and trauma. If this resonates with you, you may want to consider clinical social work. SocialWork Simmons offers four fields of specializations in child and family, trauma and interpersonal violence, mental health and addictions, and health and aging. SocialWork Simmons can help you pave the way toward a rewarding career, focused on helping individuals, groups, and communities in need. To learn more about SocialWork Simmons, request information and an admissions counselor will contact you.

7: Social Skills Checklist - List of "Red Flags"

Social skills are arguably the most important set of abilities we can have. Having great social skills help you meet interesting people, get that job you want, progress further in your career and relationships.

One of the key places to begin is with the explicit teaching of social skills to all students. When academic and positive social skills are the norm, students and staff feel safer and happier, office referrals go down, and, best of all, there is more time for teaching and learning. Here are eight key social skills that all students need to be successful. Consider working on one or two skills with your class each week. Start by gathering students together and talking about the skill. Why is listening attentively important? What does it look like when a person is listening? How do we know? Work together to list the steps for each skill or behavior on chart paper or a whiteboard. How to Listen Attentively Skill Steps: Look at the person who is talking and remain quiet. Wait until the person is finished talking before you speak. Invite students to tell each other jokes to practice active listening. Gather joke books from your school library or send students online to Aha Jokes to find their favorite funnies to share with their friends. Have students work in small groups taking turns in the roles of speaker and active listeners. Older students can practice sharing opinions on class reading or plans for college or career. How to Greet Others Skill Steps: Look at the person. Use a pleasant voice. Challenge your students to come up with 25 or more possible greetings they can use with each other, with you or with a classroom guest. Include greetings in different languages. Each morning, go around the room and have each student offer a greeting to the class. Check back in with the person. Play classroom games that help students to increase their ability to follow instructions with traditional games like Simon Says and Red Light, Green Light. Or challenge your students to a scavenger hunt around the classroom or school. Explain that theirs is no way to succeed without following directions precisely. As with all the skills, have your students go through the steps every time you issue a request until they become second nature. Asking for Help Skill Steps: Ask the person if he or she has time to help you. Clearly explain the kind of help you need. Thank the person for helping. Asking for help can be difficult for many students and even adults. In a class meeting, have student practice this skill by taking a fun and playful approach. On separate notecards, write down situations in which a person is asking for help, e. Look at the teacher. Raise your hand and stay calm. Wait until the teacher says your name or nods at you. Start by asking your students: They will enjoy this! Then, have volunteers model the correct way to get your attention. How to Disagree Appropriately Skill Steps: Tell why you feel differently. Listen to the other person Classroom Activity: Disagreeing without arguing is a skill that many adults as well as kids and teens find difficult. Like all social skills, it takes resources and practice. Give students the chance to practice debating and disagreeing when the stakes are low. How to Make an Apology Skill Steps: Use your best serious, sincere voice. Do your best not to make excuses. Explain how you plan to do better in the future. Consider tying your discussion of apologies to a book you are reading as a class. If you disagree, return to the subject later in a respectful manner. This is a skill that needs to be modeled repeatedly as its draws on other important skills. Write situations on notecards and give them to groups of students. The class wants to ask the teacher to hold class outside. Asking your parents if you can watch an R rated movie. Challenge students to model how they will ask, and how they will handle the answer. Talk about how they could return to the subject with a respectful argument at another time. Posted by Dana Truby.

8: 8 Social Skills Students Need (And How to Teach Them Step by Step!) - WeAreTeachers

Social skills are the ways in which we interact with others. If we have good social skills then this can help us become confident, happy people who are easy to get along with. When you have finished reading this topic click on the button at the bottom to do a survey to let us know which social.

It could occur because of a lack of knowledge, such as the inability to acquire new skills, or because of a competency deficit. Sometimes, the person may know how to perform the social skill, but they may struggle to perform because of limited practice or inadequate feedback. There may also be internal or external factors that interfere with the person performing the social skill, such as anxiety or chaotic surroundings. Here are five common types of social skills deficits. Basic Communication Skills These include the ability to listen, follow directions and refrain from speaking. For example, listening skills involve the abilities of concentration and ignoring distractions. Good listening skills are demonstrated through indicating attention, such as nodding and smiling, and giving feedback on what has been said or discussed. It also includes the ability to refer to past comments, such as tying a current statement to a previous one, or query about potential, future ideas, actions and events. Basic communication skills include body language and behaviors, like eye contact, physical stillness and emotional attentiveness while the other person is talking. This includes Autism, which comes with documented social impairments, and Borderline Personality Disorder. Those who suffer from severe social anxiety and those who are highly self-conscious may display either too little or too much focus on someone else. This means that some people with anxiety are desperate to please others and avoid confrontation, so they will pay close attention to what others say, or always volunteer to help or do favors. Opposite of this, some people will feel overwhelmed by their social environment and simply shut down around others. Interpersonal Skills Interpersonal skills include the abilities of sharing, joining activities, asking for permission and waiting turns. Those who have a social skill deficit may struggle with asking accurate and concise questions. Being unable to ask a simple question creates barriers to obtaining information and initiating a conversation. Those who struggle to ask questions will appear disinterested and even anti-social. Those with poor social skills may prefer to ask closed questions because these elicit brief and controlled responses. For adults with limited social skills, they may struggle to understand proper manners in different social contexts and settings. Problem Solving Skills Problem solving involves asking for help, apologizing to others, deciding what to do and accepting consequences. Those who struggle with solving problems may be morbidly shy or clinically introverted. They may prefer to avoid problems because it makes them feel uncomfortable. Those who struggle with solving problems will most likely have poor conflict resolution skills. Some children struggle to appropriately deal with teasing, while some adults have difficulties dealing with losing to competition. Accountability Some people are petrified of being criticized in public. They may struggle with accepting blame for problems or dealing with constructive feedback. Some people naturally associate accountability with reliability and maturity. Someone who promises to do something and then fails to do it may have a legitimate excuse, but their overt lack of accountability may indicate that they are unreliable and immature. Accountability is also an essential part of conflict management because recognizing mistakes are an excellent way to indicate a conciliatory and cooperative attitude. Those who want to improve their social skills should focus on imitating desirable attitudes and eliminating undesirable behaviors. They can use modeling, role-playing and performance feedback to improve their specific social skills deficit.

9: Social skills - Wikipedia

We try to teach manners and address social situations but I have decided that we need to do more. On the way home my wife and I decided that in spite of what anyone else on campus does, we are going to start working with our children and start teaching the Boystown basic social skills.

Social skills like any other skill can be learned. The bookstore has lots of books on social skills, or you can ask a socially competent friend to help. These and websites have great tips on social skills like conversation and body language. My dad was a teacher, and said exactly what you did -- and that was 25 years ago. He said some parents are using TV and schools as babysitters and are completely giving up their responsibility to teach their children. I see it in my workplace now. Some of the younger employees have few social skills, and their lack of concern for others is appalling. They just pass it off to someone convenient. And this is a lack of social skills. The people dealing with them first do not have enough social skills to know how to ask politely how they can help and find out exactly what, and who, they need. It is incredibly frustrating. Their laissez-faire attitude about nearly everything else translates into an eye-rolling casualness about such things. Anyway, I am obviously in wholehearted agreement with you that parents need to take up the mantle of responsibility and teach their children basic social skills! Parents leave the education of their children to the schools and so the child is not taught the social skills and moral code that is necessary for people to live in harmony. A breakdown in society is looming as core values to what makes a good human being are fading away. Reading, wRiting and aRithmetic are three essentials a child should be taught. Children need to be taught the values of a moral code that are simply contained in the social law of "Love thy neighbor as yourself. It involves us all and if we think it is not our place to teach then we are shirking our responsibility. In every part of our lives, we should show by example. The good example of how to behave in any situation becomes a lesson to someone else. If we do not set a good example ourselves, then how can we expect others to behave well. Society can easily fall back into the situation that was once written about; "and everyone did that which was right in their own eyes". The situation was intolerable to God and anyone who believes in the Flood knows of the consequences mankind brought upon himself. God had promised that he will not flood the earth again and yet mankind is heading towards a situation where God will have intervene if mankind is to be saved. God has a right to be angry with mankind for its foolishness in not listening to him and we who recognize that God is in control and has a plan and knows what will happen in the future, has the power to bring His plan to fruition. Here in is the promise of hope for those that might wonder what the world is coming to as we witness the violence and breakdown of society. I bought Social Dynamix. I feel the same way, especially about losing old friends. Social anxiety is crushing my will to live. I want to tell you something about that statement. But the word "life" I think should be stricken from your sentence as well as from your mind and heart especially when you perceive a social problem. I want you to look at your own words: They come and they go. That probably will lead to you inadvertently bumping into others with like interest. Stay with the hobby. No offense to them, but you may be giving them more credit than they deserve at being able to give you signs of being a good or bad communicator or socialite. Upon closing, again separate your "feeling" from your entire life. It should never be in that balance. Connect your feeling and feelings to "feeling like letting loose" as you said. Keep that life force and life feeling going. I love to meet people who feel like letting loose. Again a rare and valuable thing. Competent social skill are often critical elements to successful and happy lives.

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