

*The Metropolitan Museum of Art is one of the world's largest and finest art museums. Its collection includes more than two million works of art spanning five thousand years of world culture, from prehistory to the present and from every part of the globe.*

Collections[ edit ] The Great Hall. Geographically designated collections[ edit ] Ancient Near Eastern art[ edit ] Beginning in the late 19th century, the Met started acquiring ancient art and artifacts from the Near East. The highlights of the collection include a set of monumental stone lamassu , or guardian figures, from the Northwest Palace of the Assyrian king Ashurnasirpal II. Rockefeller donated his more than 3,000-piece collection to the museum. The collection dates back almost to the founding of the museum: Today, an entire wing of the museum is dedicated to the Asian collection, and spans 4,000 years of Asian art. The department is well known for its comprehensive collection of Chinese calligraphy and painting , as well as for its Indian sculptures, Nepalese and Tibetan works, and the arts of Burma Myanmar , Cambodia and Thailand. The Asian wing also contains a complete Ming Dynasty -style garden court , modeled on a courtyard in the Master of the Nets Garden in Suzhou. Hearn is the current department chairman of Asian Art since 1980. These models depict, in unparalleled detail, a cross-section of Egyptian life in the early Middle Kingdom: William the Faience Hippopotamus is a miniature shown at right. The oldest items at the Met, a set of Archeulian flints from Deir el-Bahri which date from the Lower Paleolithic period between 100,000 and 75,000 BC , are part of the Egyptian collection. The curator is Diana Craig Patch. The European Sculpture and Decorative Arts collection is one of the largest departments at the Met, holding in excess of 50,000 separate pieces from the 15th through the early 20th centuries. The new installation provides visitors with the history of American art from the 18th through the early 20th century. Though the collection naturally concentrates on items from ancient Greece and the Roman Empire , these historical regions represent a wide range of cultures and artistic styles, from classic Greek black-figure and red-figure vases to carved Roman tunic pins. The collection also contains many pieces from far earlier than the Greek or Roman empiresâ€”among the most remarkable are a collection of early Cycladic sculptures from the mid-third millennium BC, many so abstract as to seem almost modern. The Greek and Roman galleries also contain several large classical wall paintings and reliefs from different periods, including an entire reconstructed bedroom from a noble villa in Boscoreale , excavated after its entombment by the eruption of Vesuvius in AD 79. The collection also includes artifacts and works of art of cultural and secular origin from the time period indicated by the rise of Islam predominantly from the Near East and in contrast to the Ancient Near Eastern collections. The biggest number of miniatures from the "Shahnama" list prepared under the reign of Shah Tahmasp I, the most luxurious of all the existing Islamic manuscripts, also belongs to this museum. Other rarities include the works of Sultan Muhammad and his associates from the Tabriz school "The Sade Holiday", "Tahmiras kills divs", "Bijan and Manizhe", and many others. Much of the 12,000-strong collection consists of secular items, including ceramics and textiles , from Islamic cultures ranging from Spain to North Africa to Central Asia. Modern calligraphic artists also used a word or phrase to convey a direct message, or they created compositions from the shapes of Arabic words. Others incorporated indecipherable cursive writing within the body of the work to evoke the illusion of writing. Until that time, a narrow selection of items from the collection had been on temporary display throughout the museum. As with many other departments at the Met, the Islamic Art galleries contain many interior pieces, including the entire reconstructed Nur Al-Din Room from an early 18th-century house in Damascus. However, the museum has confirmed to the New York Post that it has withdrawn from public display all paintings depicting Muhammad and may not rehang those that were displayed in the Islamic gallery before the renovation. However, these are not the only cultures represented in Arms and Armor; the collection spans more geographic regions than almost any other department, including weapons and armor from dynastic Egypt , ancient Greece , the Roman Empire , the ancient Near East , Africa , Oceania , and the Americas , as well as American firearms especially Colt firearmsâ€”from the 19th and 20th centuries. Today, its collection contains more than 35,000 costumes and accessories. However, due to the fragile nature of the items in the

collection, the Costume Institute does not maintain a permanent installation. The Costume Institute is known for hosting the annual Met Gala and in the past has presented summer exhibitions such as *Savage Beauty* and *China: Through the Looking Glass*. The *Body Transformed*, in , which exposes the transforming ideas of physical beauty over time and the bodily contortion necessary to accommodate such ideals and fashion; The *Chanel Exhibit*, displayed in , acknowledging the skilled work of designer Coco Chanel as one of the leading fashion names in history; *Superheroes: Fashion and Fantasy*, exhibited in , suggesting the metaphorical vision of superheroes as ultimate fashion icons; the exhibit on the *American Woman: Fashioning a National Identity*, which exposes the revolutionary styles of the American woman from the years to , and how such styles reflect the political and social sentiments of the time. The theme of the event was "Alexander McQueen: The first Old Master drawings, comprising sheets, were presented as a single group in by Cornelius Vanderbilt II and in effect launched the department, though it was not formally constituted as a department until later. Currently, the Drawings and Prints collection contains more than 17, drawings, 1. The curator is Nadine Orenstein. Lehman the collector concentrated heavily on paintings of the Italian Renaissance , particularly the Sienese school. Paintings in the collection include masterpieces by Botticelli and Domenico Veneziano , as well as works by a significant number of Spanish painters, El Greco and Goya among them. Like the Islamic collection, the Medieval collection contains a broad range of two- and three-dimensional art, with religious objects heavily represented. While a great deal of European medieval art is on display in these galleries, most of the European pieces are concentrated at the Cloisters see below. The main gallery is host to a wide range of tapestries and church and funerary statuary, while side galleries display smaller works of precious metals and ivory, including reliquary pieces and secular items. Located in Fort Tryon Park and completed in , it is a separate building dedicated solely to medieval art. The Cloisters collection was originally that of a separate museum, assembled by George Grey Barnard and acquired in toto by Rockefeller in as a gift to the Met. The collection features items of outstanding beauty and historical importance; including the *Belles Heures* of Jean de France, Duc de Berry illustrated by the Limbourg Brothers in , the Romanesque altar cross known as the " Cloisters Cross " or "Bury Cross", and the seven tapestries depicting the Hunt of the Unicorn. Certain artists are represented in remarkable depth, for a museum whose focus is not exclusively on modern art: By the time she died, the collection had 3, instruments that she had donated and the collection was housed in five galleries. Instruments were and continue to be included in the collection not only on aesthetic grounds, but also insofar as they embodied technical and social aspects of their cultures of origin. The modern Musical Instruments collection is encyclopedic in scope; every continent is represented at virtually every stage of its musical life. Many of the instruments in the collection are playable, and the department encourages their use by holding concerts and demonstrations by guest musicians.

## 2: Metropolitan Museum of Art - New York's Most Visited Museum

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## 3: Map | The Metropolitan Museum of Art

*The Metropolitan Museum of Art of New York City, colloquially "the Met", is the largest art museum in the United States. With million visitors in , it was the third most visited art museum in the world, and the fifth most visited museum of any kind.*

## 4: Metropolitan Museum of Art NYC | Martini Roof Garden, Free Live Music

*Discover hundreds of unique museum gifts and reproductions, including jewelry, sculpture, apparel, exhibition catalogues, wall art, stationery, and more.*

## 5: Metropolitan Museum of Art - Wikipedia

*Metropolitan Museum of Art (The MET) Sitting on the edge of Central Park, The Met is the largest and finest art museum in the United States. Discover millenia of art, design and architecture with the New York Pass.*

## 6: Metropolitan Museum of Art

*News about Metropolitan Museum of Art, including commentary and archival articles published in The New York Times. More News about the Metropolitan Museum of Art, including commentary and archival.*

## 7: Map of New York - Metropolitan Museum of Art

*The Metropolitan Museum of Art, also known as the Met, is the largest museum in New York. Like the Louvre in Paris, the Hermitage in St. Petersburg, and the Rijksmuseum in Amsterdam, New York has the Met.*

## 8: The Metropolitan Museum of Art Tickets - Free with New York Pass®

*The Met presents over 5, years of art from around the world for everyone to experience and enjoy. The Museum lives in three iconic sites in New York City – The Met Fifth Avenue, The Met Breuer, and The Met Cloisters.*

## 9: The Metropolitan Museum of Art 5th Ave New York, NY Bars - MapQuest

*Art Review. At the Met Museum, the Grand Enigmas of Delacroix. A glorious retrospective at the Metropolitan Museum of Art introduces a precocious prophet of the modern age.*

*Buffalo Bill with sauerbraten. QUEST FOR THE WHITE BULL Domains of human development in psychology Asterix books Great books for boys Wilderness survival kit list The intelligent investor chapter 8 Respiratory system practice test V.2. Industrial art, by Prof. Walter Smith. Statics Suspension Cable Roofs The development of the Seventh-Day Adventist understanding of Ellen G. Whites prophetic gift, 1844-1889 Motion practice and persuasion Someone like you file Electrical engineering mini projects Sweet, wild world Diagnostic surgical pathology of the head and neck 9th class physics solved exercises The art of war thomas cleary Pictorial history of Paisley Jane Austen and the Navy Algeria: Islamism against the intellectuals? Study Bible for Women Why the jellyfish has no bones Happily never after Apple-core, choice land rose The spiritual path to weight loss Contents: 1 manual 1 cassette 1 pack scoring sheets contained in folder. Solution of calculus by howard anton 8th edition Mary Todd Lincoln, presidents wife Running on empty Peter Metcalf J. R. R. Tolkien Handbook The Idolmaker starring Ray Sharkey United Nations in action. Literacy beyond books : reading when all the worlds a web Nancy Kaplan Up running with DOS 3.3 St. Lawrence canals and gradual diminution of the discharge of the river St. Lawrence Interfaith Encounters Myths of the Moon Module 2. Industrialization Four books, 300 dollars, and a dream*