

1: List of acts of the th United States Congress - Wikipedia

Mountain Property referred to as Special Cultural Land in section 5(C) of the Settlement Agreement, the Mountain Property shall be forever preserved in its natural state for use.

Congressional Sales Office, Washington. Drinkwater, Herbert R 21 Kyi, Hon. The committee met, pursuant to notice, at 9: John McCain chairman of the committee presiding. I want to welcome everyone here this morning for this hearing on S. I was pleased to join with Senator Kyi in introducing this legislation at the request of the Salt River Indian Community and the city of Scottsdale. The purpose of the bill is to ratify an agreement negotiated by the Indian community, the city and the RTC. The agreement settles a dispute over the future use of acres of undeveloped land that includes Saddleback Mountain, a unique natural landmark of great significance both to the city and the Indian community. This settlement will enable the parties to realize their respective goals for the disputed property and will result in the dismissal of costly litigation. I believe this settlement demonstrates vividly the value and benefit of seeking to settle disputes through negotiations, not litigation. President Makil and the Salt River Indian Community Council, Mayor Drinkwater and the Scottsdale City Council, along with their representatives and those of the RTC who worked to produce the Saddleback settlement deserve great credit for their enlightened leadership. I look forward to hearing their testimony. I would like to say again, in order to achieve something like this, it requires leadership. I see no difficulty in getting this enacted into law very soon. McCain for himself and Mr. Maricopa Indian Reservation. Did you get that, Terry? And welcome back before the committee, Terry. The bill resolves conflicts and resulting lawsuits between the city and the community, and provides for land transfers from the Resolution Trust Corporation to both parties. The city of Scottsdale and the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community have spent many months in negotiations and have agreed on the use of the property. While we strongly support the enactment of , we recommend existing section 5 b be amended by adding: Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the United States shall not incur any liability for conditions existing prior to the transfer on the parcels of land to be transferred to the United States in trust for Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community. Consistent with our support for cooperative agreements in land acquisition and reservation expansion cases, we support the enactment of We believe that settlement will achieve an equitable resolution of the ongoing litigation and provide a basis for future economic development on the Salt River Indian Reservation. It will require only a limited expenditure of Federal funds for the completion of the land transfers, and no additional Federal funds for management of the land to be acquired on behalf of the community. Further, we commend the city and the community for the cooperative government to government efforts as to achieve this settlement. This concludes my prepared statement. I would be happy to answer any questions. Virden appears in appendix. Aiid I believe that your recommendation for an additional amendment, as you stated it, notwithstanding any other provision of law, et cetera, is agreeable. Thank you very much, Terry. And welcome, both of you. Please come to the table. Please feel free to summarize in any fashion which you choose to. And whoever wishes to go first can do so. Thank you, Senator McCain. Thank you for coming this morning, Ivan. We know that you continually promote negotiations over litigation and this is a situation where the litigation turned out to be a very good and continual effort on the part of both communities, the city of Scottsdale and the Salt River Community, in an effort to preserve an area of land that is important to both of us. It helped us, I think, both communities, to realize and understand that we did have common issues and concerns over particular pieces of land, and as how land gets used and how it gets developed for people. And we do appreciate the efforts as well of Mayor Drinkwater, Dick Bowers, the city manager, and his staff, all of the folks in the RTC that did assist us, at some point in this process, and also the BIA. We have no disagreement with the amendment. We feel that all of the issues that have been raised or were up for consideration in the litigation have been resolved. And we are happy to be here today to say that. And I do have a written statement to submit for the record. But those will be just some brief comments unless you have some questions later. Makil appears in appendix.! And thank you again for your very important contribution. It is an honor to be here with you and with President Makil

today. This has been a very rewarding experience for both the Salt River Community and the city of Scottsdale. And this is an important bill, and if I could make a few quick comments. This bill will secure the important landmark for the Indian community and the city of Scottsdale. Chairman, on behalf of myself and my fellow citizens, I want to thank you and Senator Kyi for introducing S. I would also like to thank Representative J. Hayworth for introducing its companion measure, H. Now, I have given you a tremendous amount of written testimony. In the interest of time, I can just summarize this and tell you that this is an extremely important piece of legislation to both the Salt River Community and the city of Scottsdale. And time is of the essence. President, that started I think 2 weeks ago, as I recall. But we do believe this legislation is extremely important to make this agreement become a reality. Saddleback already is a natural landmark, and a place of cultural importance to the Salt River Community. And as a result of our agreement and your legislation, Mr. Chairman, it will become an intercultural monument also. It will serve as a symbol of mutual respect among the people of the Salt River Community, Scottsdale and all of our neighboring communities. It will stand as a monument for the deep and abiding love of the land that our citizens share, and the love that we have for each other as fellow human beings. And thank you, Mr. Thank you very much. And in this year of increased tension in government-Indian relationships, this is, I think, an example of what can be done when people join together in partnership and understanding and mutual respect. Do either of you have any objections to such amendment? No, sir; we accept that. Section 10 a of the settlement agreement requires the community to irrevocably restrict development of the mountain, roadway and development properties as a condition to having those properties taken into trust. Yes; we believe it does. I would concur, Senator. Assuming that escrow is closed on the properties, will either the city or the tribe be subject to any taxation on those properties by Maricopa County or any other entity? No; not on the lands that would be turned over into trust. Is it correct that the agreement prohibits any gaming activity on the property acquired by the community unless, until and to the extent the same activity is legalized within the city, notwithstanding the National Indian Gaming Regulatory Act or any other State or Federal law? It is also consistent with IGRA, yes. Section 16 a of the settlement agreement allows a city and the community to cancel the agreement if either objects to the condition of title to the properties each is to purchase. In view of the exhaustive attention your lawyers have given to the legal status of these properties, how likely is the city or the community to cancel the agreement over concern about legal title? It is extremely unlikely, sir. Would it be a reason to fire your lawyers? We would not do that, but we would look to our neighbors, the Indian community, for direction. But if we do, we would be looking for those alternatives or options to continue to exercise that agreement in some form. We can report it out of committee very quickly. Senator Kyi has submitted a statement for the record that shall be included without objection. I want to state at this time that a copy of the settlement, release and property conveyance agreement will be made part of the committee file on S. Are there additional comments that either of you would like to make, especially with respect to how you achieve agreements in an amicable manner? Senator, that we, I feel really good about the fact that, while we have had our differences with the city, that: And I think just having respect for each other in terms of communities and having the time to understand that we do have very similar thoughts about land uses and about services to people. And that our overall issue is service to our people, and that service extends beyond generally the bounds of either of our jurisdictions. And recognizing that and understanding that, hopefully we can continue to be a model for the rest of our citizens, and help them to understand that it is important to respect each other in terms of ideas, thoughts and future aspirations as communities and as people. The president is right. We sat down and found out that our goals were essentially almost identical, that we both cared about the land, the mountains and about the people of both communities. And we found we had a tremendous amount of respect for each other. This has been a very rewarding experience. And we feel extremely good about the final result. And we feel even closer to our neighbors, and hopefully this will be the beginning of a very long, fruitful relationship between the two communities. And I appreciate both of you very much. And I know that our fellow citizens, not just in Scottsdale, in the community, but the millions of people in generations to come who will be able to enjoy the pristine beauty of this very lovely place, will owe a great debt to both of you. If there is no more discussion, we will adjourn this hearing.

2: TOPN: Saddleback Mountain-Arizona Settlement Act of | LII / Legal Information Institute

The United States Code is meant to be an organized, logical compilation of the laws passed by Congress. At its top level, it divides the world of legislation into fifty topically-organized Titles, and each Title is further subdivided into any number of logical subtopics.

Laws acquire popular names as they make their way through Congress. History books, newspapers, and other sources use the popular name to refer to these laws. How the US Code is built. The United States Code is meant to be an organized, logical compilation of the laws passed by Congress. At its top level, it divides the world of legislation into fifty topically-organized Titles, and each Title is further subdivided into any number of logical subtopics. In theory, any law -- or individual provisions within any law -- passed by Congress should be classifiable into one or more slots in the framework of the Code. On the other hand, legislation often contains bundles of topically unrelated provisions that collectively respond to a particular public need or problem. A farm bill, for instance, might contain provisions that affect the tax status of farmers, their management of land or treatment of the environment, a system of price limits or supports, and so on. Each of these individual provisions would, logically, belong in a different place in the Code. The process of incorporating a newly-passed piece of legislation into the Code is known as "classification" -- essentially a process of deciding where in the logical organization of the Code the various parts of the particular law belong. Sometimes classification is easy; the law could be written with the Code in mind, and might specifically amend, extend, or repeal particular chunks of the existing Code, making it no great challenge to figure out how to classify its various parts. And as we said before, a particular law might be narrow in focus, making it both simple and sensible to move it wholesale into a particular slot in the Code. But this is not normally the case, and often different provisions of the law will logically belong in different, scattered locations in the Code. As a result, often the law will not be found in one place neatly identified by its popular name. Nor will a full-text search of the Code necessarily reveal where all the pieces have been scattered. Instead, those who classify laws into the Code typically leave a note explaining how a particular law has been classified into the Code. It is usually found in the Note section attached to a relevant section of the Code, usually under a paragraph identified as the "Short Title". Our Table of Popular Names is organized alphabetically by popular name. So-called "Short Title" links, and links to particular sections of the Code, will lead you to a textual roadmap the section notes describing how the particular law was incorporated into the Code. Finally, acts may be referred to by a different name, or may have been renamed, the links will take you to the appropriate listing in the table.

3: Catalog Record: Catawba Indian Tribe of South Carolina Land | Hathi Trust Digital Library

Feb 6, S. (th). A bill to provide for the transfer of certain lands to the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community and the city of Scottsdale, Arizona, and for other purposes.

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