

## 1: NEW The Complete GMAT Sentence Correction Guide by Erica L. Meltzer | eBay

*About Erica L. Meltzer After scoring an Verbal in high school, Erica Meltzer assumed she was done with the SAT for good. That changed in , when she answered a Craigslist ad for an SAT tutor and inadvertently found herself in the high-pressure world of Manhattan test prep.*

If you see a gerund underlined, plug in the infinitive and vice-versa. Often, when switching a gerund with an infinitive, you must place a preposition before the gerund in order for a sentence to make sense. Inserting only the gerund will not usually fix the sentence. Deactivated viruses form the basis of many vaccines known for their effectiveness to prevent disease. Deactivated viruses form the basis of many vaccines known for their effectiveness preventing disease. Deactivated viruses form the basis of many vaccines known for their effectiveness in preventing disease. Sometimes, both a gerund and an infinitive are acceptable. In such cases, neither will be considered an error. Today, the members of Ms. In general, it is necessary to rely on your ear in order to determine whether the gerund or the infinitive is correct. There is no rule that governs which one is used, and the gerunds and infinitives tested are fairly random. So while I do not advocate trying to memorize all the expressions that require gerunds vs. Simple Past The past participle is used after any form of the verb to have e. I have gone to George Washington high school for the past three years. Since a number of unexpected issues had arisen during the meeting, we were forced to remain an extra hour. Having sung for hours, the bird fell silent. The present perfect is used for an action that started in the past and that is continuing into the present. When the words for or since appear, the present perfect is usually required. I played soccer since I was seven years old. I have played soccer since I was seven years old. I have played soccer for the past nine years. However, the simple past is used for actions that began and ended in the past. I attended George Washington High School from to A number of unexpected issues arose during the meeting, so we were forced to remain an extra hour. The bird sang for hours and then fell silent. On the SAT, the simple past rather than the past participle will always incorrectly follow a form of the verb to have; the past participle is never used to replace the simple past e. He done the work. The verb to go, for example, has two different forms in the past: Here is a list of some common verbs that have different forms for their simple past and past participle. The past perfect is used to indicate that one of those actions occurred before the other. By the time it adjourned, the committee made several important decisions. By the time it adjourned, the committee had made several important decisions. Logically, the committee must have made several important decisions action 1 before it adjourned action 2 ; therefore, the past perfect is required. Whenever a verb in the past perfect appears, ask yourself whether the sentence makes it clear that the event or action the verb describes clearly occurred before a second event or action. If it does not, the sentence is incorrect. There are, however, instances when either the past perfect or the simple past is perfectly acceptable. In the first sentence, the past perfect is used to emphasize the appearance of the book in two volumes before its appearance in one; however, the simple past in the second sentence is also correct because it describes two actions that took place in the past and keeps the tense of the sentence consistent. In the Error-Identification sentence, you may encounter sentences that contain only the simple past but that could also be written with the past perfect, as in the first example above. For a College Board example, see question 26, p. Since both versions are acceptable, an underlined simple past verb that falls into this category will not be the error. In general you will only be required to recognize whether the past perfect " rather than the simple past " is being used incorrectly see question 21, p. Verb Tense and Form Exercises In the following exercises, underline the date or words that indicate a tense question, and fix any verb not in the correct tense or form. Some of the sentences may not contain an error. Built in Newcastle upon Tyne, England and launched in , the SS Dunraven was powered by both steam and sail and was intended to travel between Britain and India. In , Dutch scholar Erasmus of Rotterdam has moved from Paris to England, where he became a professor of ancient languages at Cambridge. Hyland, who authored the acclaimed novel How the Light Gets In, is often praised to be a subtle and complex portrayer of human psychology. Composer Georgi Tutev, who will become one of the principal figures of Bulgarian modernism, was born of a German mother and a Bulgarian father. According to researchers, the Antarctic ice shelf has

shrank by approximately 50 gigatons of ice each year since The nearly ton Mayflower was chartered by a group of British merchants and setting sail from Plymouth, England in Mahatma Gandhi, who was born in India, studied law in London and in went to South Africa, where he spends twenty years opposing discriminatory legislation against Indians. Accidentally discovered by Procter and Gamble researchers in , the fat substitute Olestra has been shown in causing stomach upset in those who consume excessive amounts of it. Defying predictions that he will fade from the public eye, former Czech president Vaclav Havel became a film director after his retirement from office. Descended from a long line of university professors, Marie Goeppert-Mayer received the majority of her training in Germany and eventually teaching at a number of universities in the United States. After a attempt to overthrow Mikhail Gorbachev failed, power had shifted to Russian president Boris Yeltsin. During the Renaissance, glass products made on the island of Murano could only be crafted according to traditional techniques, and local artisans were forbidden to leave and sell their creations elsewhere. The illustrator often photographed multiple models for each drawing and has made his selection only when the final prints arrived in his hands. Toward the end of the sixteenth century, the Iroquois League, a confederation of six Native American nations, has formed in the northeastern United States. After weeks of careful scrutiny, the consumer protection agency informed the public that a number of products will be recalled because of safety concerns. Even before the beginning of the twentieth century, when the electronic age was still in its infancy, the first attempts to generate sound from electricity had already begun. Far from being a recluse, Goethe corresponded with the leading literary, political, and scientific figures of his day with an energy that few of his readers could ever hope to match. Several dozen boats are known to have sank off of the French Frigate Shoals, part of an enormous protected zone that covers nearly , square miles in the Pacific Ocean. Emperor Frederick the Great of Prussia believed that to fight a successful war was creating minimal intrusion into the lives of civilians. According to cognitive scientist Daniel Willingham, one major reason why more students do not enjoy school is because abstract thought is not something our brains are designed to be good at or enjoying. Hardly a stranger to self-censorship, Mark Twain never hesitated to change his prose if he believed that the alterations will improve the sales of his books. Some critics have argued that Dostoevsky was unique among nineteenth-century authors in that he surrendered fully to his characters and has allowed himself to write in voices other than his own. There are two kinds of pronoun questions that appear on the SAT: In the sentence, The ball is on the table, the noun ball can be replaced by the pronoun it. Likewise, in the sentence, Mary threw the ball, the name Mary can be replaced by the pronoun she. An antecedent is simply the word noun, pronoun, or gerund to which a pronoun refers. All pronouns must agree with their antecedents. Just as singular verbs must agree with singular subjects and plural verbs must agree with plural subjects, so must singular pronouns agree with singular nouns and plural pronouns with plural nouns. For example, in the sentence, Katie dribbled the ball, and then she shot it at the basket, the word ball is the antecedent referred to by the pronoun it. The word Katie is the antecedent of the pronoun she. If we said, Katie dribbled the ball, and then she shot them at the basket, there would be a disagreement between the antecedent and the pronoun because the antecedent ball is singular and the pronoun them is plural. Likewise, if we said, Katie dribbled the ball, and then they shot it at the basket, there would also be an pronoun-antecedent disagreement because the antecedent Katie is singular, while the pronoun they is plural. Whenever you see a pronoun underlined, you should immediately try to figure out what noun that pronoun is referring to. If the noun and the pronoun do not agree, whichever one is underlined will be incorrect. You will never find both the noun and the pronoun underlined. You One and You are frequently switched with one another although they are also occasionally switched with other pronouns. They cannot be mixed and matched within a sentence but must remain consistent throughout. If one wants to avoid insect invasions, you should refrain from leaving crumbs lying on the floor. If one wants to avoid insect invasions, one should refrain from leaving crumbs lying on the floor. If you want to avoid insect invasions, you should refrain from leaving crumbs lying on the floor. Plural Singular nouns are referred to by singular pronouns. Plural nouns are referred to by plural pronouns. Sometimes different pronouns are used to refer to people and to things. A person who wishes to become an Olympic-caliber athlete must devote virtually all of their time to training. A person who wishes to become an Olympic-caliber athlete must devote virtually all of his or her time to training. People who wish to become

Olympic-caliber athletes must devote virtually all of his or her time to training. People who wish to become Olympic-caliber athletes must devote virtually all of their time to training. When the economy does poorly, their performance is of allabiding interest to the public. When the economy does poorly, its performance is of allabiding interest to the public. The lights began to flicker wildly, and only moments later it went out altogether. The lights began to flicker wildly, and only moments later they went out altogether. More than any other pronoun, it is likely to be wrong. Whenever you see the word it underlined, start by figuring out its antecedent. Ambiguous Antecedent Sometimes it is unclear which antecedent a pronoun refers to. Afraid that they would be late to the party, Rosa and Caroline decided to take her car rather than walk. Whose car did Rosa and Caroline take?

### 2: [Doc] The Complete GMAT Sentence Correction Guide free by champmails - Issuu

*The Complete GMAT Sentence Correction Guide offers a thorough review of all the major grammatical concepts tested on the Sentence Correction portion of the GMAT, and is intended to be used in conjunction with the Official Guide for GMAT Review and the Official Guide for GMAT Verbal Review*

### 3: SAT Sentence Completion Workbook by Erica L. Meltzer

*Complete GMAT Sentence Correction Rules Shorter is better, answers with -ING are usually wrong, and idioms are less important than you think. Learn the key rules you need to know to ace GMAT Sentence Corrections.*

### 4: The Ultimate Guide to SAT Grammar by Erica L. Meltzer

*3rd edition. New York, p. Introduction: How to use this book SAT writing cheat sheet Parts of speech Preliminary exercise Is it relevant Adding, Deleting, and Revising Information Sentence and paragraph order Infographics Shorter is better Diction, Idioms, and Register Sentences and.*

### 5: The Ultimate Guide to SAT Grammar - Erica L. Meltzer - PDF Free Download

*Sentence Correct Cheat Sheetâ€¢ 8 â€¢ Parts of Speech 9 1. Building a Sentence 12 2. Non-Essential Clauses 20 Exercise: Identifying Non-Essential Words and Phrases 25 3. Sentences and Fragments 27 Exercise: Sentences and Fragments 33 4. Subject-Verb Agreement 35 Exercise: Subject-Verb Agreement 43 Cumulative Review #1: Chapters 46 5.*

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