

I would most definitely recommend this title for any fan of the game of tennis looking to augment their fun facts & stats knowledge of their favored players of the sport. Bud did a great job of compiling all the stats in the past & open era of the game. Looking forward to a revision that encompasses stats after

See Article History Alternative Title: Points are awarded to a player or team whenever the opponent fails to correctly return the ball within the prescribed dimensions of the court. Organized tennis is played according to rules sanctioned by the International Tennis Federation ITF , the world governing body of the sport. Tennis originally was known as lawn tennis, and formally still is in Britain , because it was played on grass courts by Victorian gentlemen and ladies. It is now played on a variety of surfaces. This ancient game is still played to a limited degree and is usually called real tennis in Britain, court tennis in the United States, and royal tennis in Australia. The modern game of tennis is played by millions in clubs and on public courts. Its period of most rapid growth as both a participant and a spectator sport began in the late s, when the major championships were opened to professionals as well as amateurs, and continued in the s, when television broadcasts of the expanding professional tournament circuits and the rise of some notable players and rivalries broadened the appeal of the game. A number of major innovations in fashion and equipment fueled and fed the boom. The addition of colour and style to tennis wear once restricted to white created an entirely new subdivision of leisure clothing. Tennis balls, which historically had been white, now came in several hues, with yellow the colour of choice. Racket frames, which had been of a standard size and shape and constructed primarily of laminated wood, were suddenly manufactured in a wide choice of sizes, shapes, and materials, the most significant milestones being the introduction of metal frames beginning in and the oversized head in Federer, Roger Roger Federer, From its origins as a garden-party game for ladies in whalebone corsets and starched petticoats and men in long white flannels, it has evolved into a physical chess match in which players attack and defend, exploiting angles and technical weaknesses with strokes of widely diverse pace and spin. Tournaments offer tens of millions of dollars in prize money annually. History Origin and early years There has been much dispute over the invention of modern tennis, but the officially recognized centennial of the game in commemorated its introduction by Major Walter Clopton Wingfield in He published the first book of rules that year and took out a patent on his game in , although historians have concluded that similar games were played earlier and that the first tennis club was established by the Englishman Harry Gem and several associates in Leamington in At the time, the Marylebone Cricket Club MCC was the governing body of real tennis, whose rules it had recently revised. Heathcote, a distinguished real tennis player, developed a better tennis ball of rubber covered with white flannel, the MCC in established a new, standardized set of rules for tennis. Meanwhile, the game had spread to the United States in the s. Mary Outerbridge of New York has been credited with bringing a set of rackets and balls to her brother, a director of the Staten Island Cricket and Baseball Club. But research has shown that William Appleton of Nahant, Massachusetts , may have owned the first lawn tennis set and that his friends James Dwight and Fred R. Sears popularized the game. An important milestone in the history of tennis was the decision of the All England Croquet Club to set aside one of its lawns at Wimbledon for tennis, which soon proved so popular that the club changed its name to the All England Croquet and Lawn Tennis Club. In the club decided to hold a tennis championship, and a championship subcommittee of three was appointed. It decided on a rectangular court 78 feet They adapted the real tennis method of scoringâ€”15, 30, 40, gameâ€”and allowed the server one fault i. These major decisions remain part of the modern rules. Twenty-two entries were received, and the first winner of the Wimbledon Championships was Spencer Gore. In the Scottish Championships were held, followed in by the Irish Championships. There were several alterations in some of the other rules e. In the first U. The victor was an Englishman, O. The popularity of the game in the United States and frequent doubts about the rules led to the foundation in of the U. National Lawn Tennis Association, later renamed the U. Lawn Tennis Association and, in , the U. Under its auspices , the first official U. The winner, Richard Sears , was U. Tennis had taken firm root in Australia by , and the first Australian Championships were played in The first national

championships in New Zealand were held in . Other national championships were inaugurated in Canada , South Africa , Spain , Denmark , Egypt , Italy , and Sweden . Outstanding players Tennis in the s was dominated by the remarkable twin brothers William and Ernest Renshaw. William won the Wimbledon singles championship seven times, on three occasions defeating his brother in the final. Ernest was victorious once, and in partnership they won the doubles championship, first played at Oxford in , seven times. In the s public interest began to wane. The Wimbledon Championships showed a financial loss in and ; the All England Club committee turned back to croquet to revive its flagging fortunes. The popularity of Wimbledon and tennis were reestablished by two more brothers: Reginald and Laurie Doherty. Reginald won the Wimbledon singles from to . Laurie won from to , took the U. The early 20th century The first international team competition was the Davis Cup , officially called the International Lawn Tennis Challenge Trophy, which was donated by U. Only Great Britain challenged the first year; it was defeated by the United States, Davis himself playing on the victorious team. There was no challenge in , but in a strong British team that included the Doherty brothers went to America. The United States retained the trophy, but the following year the Doherty brothers helped Britain win the cup, which it retained the next three years. Library of Congress, Washington, D. The new star was Norman Brookes, the first in a long line of Australian champions and the first left-hander to reach the top. He won at Wimbledon in and again on his next visit, in . Of the women champions of the early s, Dorothea Douglass later Mrs. Lambert Chambers won at Wimbledon seven times, beginning in . In , however, Douglass met her match in the first U. The outbreak of World War I interrupted tennis activities in Britain and Europe , but, with the exception of , when a Patriotic Tournament was held, U. May Sutton, the first U. In the same period he also won 15 Davis Cup singles. She won the Wimbledon championship at her first attempt in , from to , and in , not competing in because of illness. Her first appearance at Wimbledon in a calf-length white dress with short sleeves and without petticoat or suspender garter belt caused a sensation. Suzanne Lenglen of France, an outstanding tennis player between and , striding forward to complete a forehand return. Central Press Photos Ltd. Among them, they monopolized the Wimbledon singles title from through , won 10 French and 3 U. They captured the Davis Cup from the United States in and held it until . A new female American star, Helen Wills later Mrs. Moody and then Mrs. Roark , won the first of her seven U. Only once, early in her career, did she play against Lenglen, at Cannes on the French Riviera, where she lost in two straight sets. That historic meeting between the poker-faced Wills, in her trademark white eyeshade, and the flamboyant Lenglen, in her daring dress and silk bandeau, was chronicled in sports and society pages on both sides of the Atlantic. Helen Wills Moody, Perry, FredFred Perry, " American women won every Wimbledon and U. Among the Wimbledon and U. Bueno, MariaMaria Bueno after winning the singles title at Wimbledon, Billie Jean Moffitt King set a record for career Wimbledon titles, winning 6 singles, 10 doubles, and 4 mixed between and . Colorsport Professional and open tennis As tennis began to establish its popularity, there was a need for professionals to coach and to organize, but, unlike real tennis, there were no competitions in which professionals could play. This changed in when Charles C. Browne, who had been U. He also signed four male players. The tour, played in major arenas, drew large crowds and was a financial success. For the next 40 years, pro tennis consisted primarily of barnstorming tours that featured the reigning champion playing a recently signed amateur champion. Starting in the s, many of the amateur champions became barnstorming professionals. They made money with the one-night stands, but their matches were virtually unreported. In , however, two new professional groups were formed: In a British proposal for a limited schedule of open tournaments was voted down by the international federation, but the British LTA refused to accept the verdict. In December , despite the threat of expulsion from the ILTF, the LTA voted to abolish the distinction between amateurs and pros in their tournaments. This revolutionary step forced an emergency meeting of the ILTF in March in which 12 open tournaments were approved. The era of open professionalism in tennis dawned in . The first open Wimbledon was a joyous occasion, as many past champions who had been stripped of membership in the All England Club when they turned professional were welcomed back. The singles titles at the first U. Laver became the first player to sweep the major titles a second time and the first to do so as a professional. Ashe, ArthurArthur Ashe holding up his trophy after winning the singles title at Wimbledon, AP Images The transition years from quasi-amateurism to

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full-fledged professional tennis were rife with political disputes and lawsuits for control of what had become a big-money sport. Previous player unions had been ineffective, but the ATP showed itself a potent political force when the majority of its members boycotted Wimbledon in a dispute over the eligibility of the Yugoslav pro Nikki Pilic.

2: Tennis - State Championships - Hawaii High School Athletic Association (HHSAA)

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