

*The information you need to know for the CLEP United States history II exam.*

Opelousas, Parish of St. On Monday, April 8th. There being a quorum present, the Board proceeded to business, Mr. Hadden is called to the Chair, pro tem. The Board now proceeds to elect its officers for the Town. Latour having received seven votes for President of the Board, is therefore proclaimed duly elected President. Hebrard having a majority of the votes. Posey and Hadden being put in nomination for the office of Treasurer of the Town. It appears on the ballots being taken that Mr. Posey received one vote, and Mr Hadden having received three votes; Mr. Leonce Sandoz and J. Jackson being put in nomination; on the ballots being counted it appears that Mr. Sandoz received four votes, and Mr. Jackson two votes; Mr. Sandoz is declared duly elected Town Printer. A letter from Mr. On motion, the election for Constable is now gone into, Messrs. Andrus are put in nomination; upon counting the ballots it was found that Mr. Peters had received two votes, and Mr. Andrus was therefore declared duly elected Town Constable. On motion of Mr. Pulford the duties of the Constable are defined as follows, to wit: He shall keep order in the Town; assess the property in this Town; collect the taxes and licenses; patrol the Town if necessary; he shall pay all the monies collected by him to the Clerk who shall pay the same over to the Treasurer, monthly; he shall collect the market dues; oversee the public work on the streets; assist in all the performance of his duties as a Quarantine officer; all fines collected by him shall be paid by him into the hands of the Clerk as above; he shall not charge more than 20 cents a load when hauling dirt for the Town; he shall not receive any extra compensation for collecting any special tax. The Board then adjourned until next meeting.

### 2: The End of the Civil War - Raz-Plus

*www.enganchecubano.com: African American Mosaic: A Documentary History from the Slave Trade to the Twenty-First Century, Volume Two: From to the Present (v. 2) () by John H. Bracey Jr.; Manisha Sinha and a great selection of similar New, Used and Collectible Books available now at great prices.*

Wade-Davis stipulated that a majority of white males declare their allegiance to the Union, and that only those who could provide proof that they had always remained loyal could vote and serve in the state constitutional conventions. In addition, the conventions themselves would have to abolish slavery, deny political rights to high-ranking civil and military officers of the Confederacy, and repudiate Confederate war debts. Johnson came to political power in eastern Tennessee, opposing the power of large slave owners. Johnson himself owned slaves, however, and he was an extreme racist. Stephens, four Confederate generals, eight colonels, six cabinet members, and a host of minor officials. Prohibited interracial marriages, restrictions were placed upon the property they were allowed to own, and they were required to enter into annual labor contracts, with a provision for punishment in case of violation including forced labor. The failure to follow through with this plan led African Americans to have to accept the system of sharecropping. President Johnson forced Sherman to retract this policy. Relate this topic to the ongoing controversy over reparations for slavery. Freedpeople were allowed to organize their labor as they wished usually on the family farm model. Too often, this in fact turned into a system of debt peonage, with freed families falling deeper and deeper into debt, with no hope of ever paying it off. Johnson soon began granting individual pardons to just these kinds of people, however, which contributed to his falling out with Congress. Passed by Congress 31 January, ; ratified by the states by December 6, Ensure the rights of freedpeople against the passage of the Black Codes while the will to enforce it remained. Carpetbaggers were northern whites who moved south; Scalawags were native southern whites. Many carpetbaggers turned to politics with the Republican Party in the South when their business ventures failed. Scalawags often became pariahs to other southern whites; if they were involved in business, this often meant that the business failed. Failure in business often led these carpetbaggers and scalawags into politics in the South, but they were completely reliant upon the Republican Party in the north staying interested in their cause, because it was impossible to make inroads with most southern whites in most areas. The financial panic, combined with the higher taxes and corruption that existed in state and local governments, enabled Democratic politicians to link the three conditions in the minds of voters; this was combined with intimidation and violence at election time, as well as with the beginning of the disenfranchisement of African Americans to allow the party to assume control which it held until the disenchantment with the Party over its advocacy of civil rights led most white politicians into the Republican Party in the late s and s. Grant and the return of the Republican majority in both houses of Congress ironically spelled the end of the influence of the Radical Republicans. In truth, Southern Democrats did all they could to obstruct making Hayes president, but with both houses of Congress, the presidency, and the Supreme Court still in the hands of Republicans even though the Democrats had won control of the House in the election, they would not be sworn in until the next session of Congress , there was in reality little they could do about it. Posted by Gregory M.

### 3: The End of the Civil War - Reading A-Z

*History, its often said, is written by the victors so how accurate is our understanding of history? Six distinguished University of Minnesota professors from fields ranging from African Studies to.*

### 4: American People I & II: The Black Code of St. Landry's Parish,

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## V. 2. 1865-THE PRESENT. pdf

### 5: Dred Scott v. Sandford & Plessy v. Ferguson by Katherine Duggan on Prezi

*38 GRADE 5 United States Studies: to the Present Standard The student will demonstrate an understanding of the continued westward expansion of the United States.*

### 6: America From The Four Phases of Reconstruction

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### 7: in Canada - Wikipedia

*American life from the Civil War to the present. read online The American Civil War (also known by other names) was a war fought in the United States (U.S.) from to The Civil War is the most studied and written about episode in U.S. history.*

### 8: United States Senate elections, and - Wikipedia

*History and Social Science Standards of Learning for Virginia Public Schools - January United States History: to the Present Students will continue to use skills for historical and geographical analysis as they examine American.*

*I play in my room An operational framework for the study of knowledge flows Yannis Caloghirou, Anastasia Constantelou, and New Hampshire in Perspective 2007 (New Hampshire in Perspective) History of usury from the earliest period to the present time The Only Astrology Book Youll Ever Need, CD-rom Edition Youjo senki light novel english Annapolis, a walk through history The social structure of passion Ffxii the zodiac age guide Fraud Examination Updated Printing Food for the Vegetarian Introductions to modern design Annie, the invisible girl Vocabulary workshop level a teachers edition Dos and donts for new principals Big Book of Sounds Theory of price control Wifey R. L. Stine Autoantibodies in Neurological Diseases (Topics in Neuroscience) The Tyranny of Relativism Payment card industry data security standard handbook FUN WITH ENGLISH 7B 8B The spend less handbook Gurucharitra 18 adhyay in marathi British economy in theory and practice All about manipulation Counterpoint : employees have limited expectations of privacy in the workplace. Lives of the most eminent English poets Nature at your doorstep The popular blues industry, 1912-1920 Brazilian Literature Private capitol punishment Church and the body politic Fahrenheit 451 on cell block D : a bar examination to safeguard Americas jailhouse lawyers from the post- International peacekeeping and peace enforcement The Second World War and its aftermath, 1940-1965 My leisure hours, or Poems on various subjects. On the Scent of Danger Professional program proceedings Genealogy of the Amati family of violin makers, 1500-1740*