

## 1: Presidents that have Visited Newark

*This book is about President John F. Kennedy's visit to the Borough of Milford Pike County Pennsylvania September 24th Published by the Pike County Chamber of Commerce.*

Whatever the reason, Newarkers have always honored and cherished visits from future presidents, presidents, and former presidents, and have been the most gracious of hosts. The names of the presidents and former presidents that follow reflect the best efforts of my research. If you know of any other presidents who also visited Newark, email them to me and I will add their names to this list by date of visit. A sad addition to the following list is a stop in Newark of the remains of an assassinated President on a funeral train, enroute to his final resting place. The list of Newark visitors, with dates of visit, follows: Campaigning for the presidency, George W. During his visit, he also toured Port Newark. March 3, October 8, October 18, November 4, Also in-the-classroom money for job training, and grants for educational programs and equipment. One of his Newark stops was at Malcolm X. Flew into Newark Airport, enroute to Republican rally in Bloomfield. In Newark to address students and faculty at Lincoln Technical Institute. Law Enforcement endorsement at Newark Airport. Then address at Construction Laborer Local at union headquarters. The George Herbert Walker Bush Presidential Library also shows Newark visits during his years as Vice President and just prior to the primary elections on these dates: The Presidents Newark trips were brief trips through Newark Airport with occasional meetings at hotels around the Airport. President Carter paid a visit to Newark during the presidential campaign. On this date, President Ford attended several political events in Newark. He then posed for a photo opportunity with candidates for State Assembly. He then spoke at a fundraising dinner before returning to the Airport. Campaign appearances in race against John F. Address before Newark Chamber of Commerce. Address at Republican fund-raising event. Campaign appearance as President. Johnson October 7, Kennedy September 15, Presidential candidate John F. Kennedy visited Newark and made a speech at Newark City Hall. Two days before the Presidential election, Kennedy again came to Newark and gave a speech at the Mosque Theatre at Broad Street, attended by a capacity crowd of nearly 3, persons. He defeated Richard Nixon to win the presidency two days later. Flew into Newark Airport. Then automobile to New York for groundbreaking of Lincoln Center. Also stopped by U. Truman October 7, He visited Newark during his re-election campaign. The President spent the day in Newark campaigning for the Democratic Party. The first Roosevelt visit was most likely a late campaign swing days before the presidential election, because he ran up a huge plurality in the November election. He was seated in the back of an open touring car. It may have been a payback to Newark for its overwhelming vote for him in his election. Newarkers in gave Roosevelt 99, votes to 37, for Herbert Hoover. The Roosevelt was recalled for me by my younger brother, Al, then age 12, who was a rear-seat passenger in a car traveling up Ferry Street in the opposite direction. His recollection was made on July 24, He arrived by train at 1: President Roosevelt arrived in Newark by train from Washington. Visit by Wire February 13, The dates of his three Newark visits follow: September 17 and 18, He spoke on making boys into good citizens. He died three years later in New York. Their visit was to attend the Newark Board of Trade Dinner, held in conjunction with the celebration of the th Anniversary of the settlement of Newark by Captain Robert Treat, a Puritan from Connecticut. The President and First Lady were checked into a luxurious fifth floor suite, which has since been known as the "Presidential Suite". The Robert Treat Hotel has since been designated a national historic landmark. Woodrow, president of Princeton University, kicked off his campaign for the governorship of New Jersey with an appearance in Newark, after being nominated Sept. Wilson wrapped up his six-week long campaign in Newark on the evening of November 6th at the Krueger Auditorium on Belmont Avenue to a large crowd. He won the election and became Governor of New Jersey on January 7, The year following his election as Governor of new Jersey, he was elected President of the United States on November 5, Taft November 2, On this date, the statue of George Washington was dedicated in Washington Park. He cancelled to attend the funeral of his vice president and close friend, James S. Sherman, who died of Brights disease three days earlier on October The statue was a gift, provided for in the will of Amos H. Van Horn, who had been a member of the post. Grant December 28, Following the

unveiling ceremonies, Grant, who in the previous November had been defeated in his candidacy for a third term as President, had lunch at the home of Senator Frederick T. Frelinghuysen at his home at the head of Military Park. As a candidate for re-election, President U. The Exposition was at a skating rink on Washington Street 1. He later won re-election over his opponent, Horace Greely, who also visited the Exposition during the election campaign. This track would later become the Weequahic Park race track. The train had left Jersey City earlier that morning bearing the president on his journey to his March 4th Inaugural in Washington. When the funeral train stopped at the Chestnut Railroad Depot at 9: The engineers pulled the throttle at 9: President Andrew Jackson paid a visit to Newark, accompanied by his vice president, Martin Van Buren, who would succeed him as President four years later in President Adams visited Newark on his way from Philadelphia to his home in Massachusetts. President Adams visited Newark on his way to New York. Militia and crowds cheered the President as his coach passed through Newark, but it did not stop. President Adams passed through Newark in his coach two more times in , again without stopping. The records indicate that President Adams again passed through Newark in his coach, but there is no information to mark the event. After defeat and retirement from Long Island, General Washington and his army of 3, troops withdrew to Newark, where they remained for six days before heading for New Brunswick and a subsequent victory at Trenton. After General Washington defeated the British forces in a spectacular battle at Princeton on January 3, , he went on to winter quarters in Morristown. In the course of spending two winters encamped at Morristown, General Washington made many trips to Newark in his capacity as Commander-in-chief. Washington also attended services at Trinity Church on Broad Street.

### 2: Presidential Visits - Encyclopedia of Arkansas

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Kennedy speaks again in Clarksburg. Friday, April 8, Humphrey arrives at Kanawha Airport around 1: After that, he heads up Cabin Creek for a series of stops. Humphrey also made it to a bah-mitzvah in Beckley. His flight was originally supposed to land in Clarksburg but wind conditions force him to land in Charleston and take a smaller plane to Clarksburg, where he gives a press conference at the Stonewall Jackson Hotel. He then flies to Morgantown for dinner at an undisclosed location. Saturday, April 9, Hubert Humphrey attends a luncheon and speaks to workers at the Maidenform bra factory in Princeton, then goes to Hinton and Athens before ending his day at a dinner sponsored by the Boone County Young Democrats in Madison. Monday, April 11, Crowds greet Hubert H. They dine at the Central Cafe in Welch. Kennedy arrives in West Virginia for his first campaign swing. He begins his day by meeting with supporters in Parkersburg in the morning and then goes to Charleston in the afternoon, where he speaks at the Federal Building, Kanawha County Courthouse, the State Capitol and Morris Harvey College now University of Charleston. He ends his day in Beckley. Tuesday, April 12, Speaking in Charleston, Dr. Norman Vincent Peale says he has doubts whether John F. Kennedy, because of his religion, should become president. Humphrey and Kennedy aides visit Fairmont to prepare for personal visits of the two presidential aspirants scheduled for Monday, April 18th. Friday, April 15, The Charleston Daily Mail publishes a poll of employed residents of Kanawha County and unemployed coal miners in a depressed area of Fayette County about the Democratic presidential hopefuls. Results of the poll: The event is an informal "coffee and donuts" meeting. She spends the night in Clarksburg. Kennedy appears in the ballroom of the Stonewall Jackson Hotel in Clarksburg where a crowd of about 1, hear him speak. He also holds a press conference at the residence of Sheriff J. Afterwards, Kennedy visits a radio station, has lunch at the Palace Restaurant and walks through the Owens-Illinois plant. He also visits the Sterling Faucet Company in Sabraton. That evening, Kennedy gives a brief address to a crowd of 1, in the ballroom of the Hotel Morgan and then meets with the people. He is joined in Morgantown by his wife, Jacqueline, who appears with him at the hotel. Kennedy then spend the night at the McClure Hotel in downtown Wheeling. Robert Kennedy is in Charleston today. Tuesday, April 19, Mrs. She then travels to the Northview section of Clarksburg where she greets residents at the intersection of 16th Street and Hamil Avenue and at the intersection of 20th Street and Hamil Avenue. She travels in her own station wagon, carrying coffee and donuts to share with supporters. Before leaving Clarksburg, she tours the Maidenform plant. Afterwards, she moves on to Bridgeport where she addresses about garden club members at the Bridgeport Civic Center. Next, she is on to Grafton where she campaigns in the streets. She tours several factories and holds a news conference at the Hotel Morgan in Morgantown before spending the night in that city. Kennedy spends the day touring the Greater Wheeling area with his wife Jacqueline. He begins at Bethany College, where he makes a speech to the students there. He then does a street tour between 6th and 12th streets, talking with people as he goes along. Kennedy finishes his day at the McLure Hotel where he holds a press conference, and then proceeds to a reception being held in his honor. Kennedy makes a stop in Logan on his way to Williamson. He meets with the Logan County "Kennedy for President" Club, and visits with the manager of the local bus terminal then briefly answers questions at the local radio station. Kennedy in World War II. Ted Kennedy spends most of the day in Jackson County in the Ripley and Ravenswood areas before he heads toward Parkersburg in the evening. We have not been able to confirm through newspaper research that this event took place as planned. Humphrey, along with her sons Douglas and Robert, attend the Jefferson Club banquet in the ballroom of the Chancellor Hotel in Parkersburg. Also in attendance is Ted Kennedy, who is in town campaigning for his brother, John F. The photo caption reports that the streets rang with the sounds of "Humphrey is a Sweetheart. Kennedy begins his day in Beckley with breakfast and a tour of the Beckley Manufacturing Plant. He then visits Mount Hope, where he speaks from a car roof. Brown estimates a crowd of 1, to 1, His campaign then drives along Route 60 to Charleston, passing through and making brief stops at Cedar Grove and Cabin Creek Junction, where he speaks at a supermarket and tells about

his four years in the Navy during World War II. The bottle plant employs 1, workers, both men and women. By evening, Kennedy arrives in Huntington where he speaks briefly at a reception in the ballroom of the Hotel Prichard. After this reception, he departs for Washington, DC. Muriel Humphrey also attends this event with her son, Douglas and Robert. He is late for the speech in Summersville because his car was pulled over by Richwood police officer Bernard Dawson to make way for a funeral procession. His driver tried to get the police officer to make an exception, but no exceptions are made and the car waits until the procession passes. Thursday, April 21, At Next, he has lunch with Mayor Thaw and then heads to New Martinsville, visiting a few local factories along the way. He receives guests at the Grandview Hotel-Motel in the evening. He attends a small dinner at 6: After dinner, he makes a speech at the Wetzel County Court House. In Charleston, he makes a television appearance and then attends an early evening rally in Eskdale. He leaves West Virginia after visiting Eskdale. Friday, April 22, Ted Kennedy leaves New Martinsville early in the morning, touring a few more local plants on the way to Farmington where he is joined by Joe Stydahar. The pair tour a number of Marion County towns. In Farmington, Kennedy and Stydahar meet with miners at the Consolidation Number 9 mine of the Mountaineer Coal Company; the pair go underground to greet miners. The reception lasts from 1: Kennedy and Stydahar arrive in Hundred this evening, returning for an open house at Grant Town at 9: Kennedy also visits Shinnston on this day, interrupting a sidewalk auction. His bus-car caravan starts from Charleston at 6: The party waits until they reach Summersville to eat breakfast. Afterwards, Humphrey makes his first speech on the steps of the Nicholas County Courthouse as residents go to work. The candidate calls for a food stamp program to enable families of the unemployed or with low income to supplement their diets. Senator Humphrey heads north with campaign stops at Craigsville, Webster Springs, Buckhannon, Philippi and Fairmont, where he lodges for the night. Meanwhile, JFK launches a planned three day bus tour of the southern coal fields. Kennedy tours the Huntington Manufacturing Co. He greets a delegation of students from South Williamson Grade School, and visits with folks at a Piggly Wiggly Supermarket where he buys a cake. While in the area, he crosses the Tug Fork and does a little campaigning in Kentucky. Kennedy, traveling in a private automobile in preference to the chartered bus which carries members of his staff and newsmen, stops at several tiny communities en route from Williamson to Logan and finds time to greet and chat with people in their yards and on their front porches. Next stop is Logan Courthouse where he draws a crowd of over people. He then moves on to a reception at the Smokehouse in downtown Logan, where he broadcasts over both local radio stations. He was due at Consequently, the senator gives a minute speech to a small crowd gathered on the courthouse lawn, stating that the most important issue facing the American public today is war and peace. Humphrey speaks to an estimated 2, people in Romney and goes on to Berkeley Springs, where he drinks from the famous George Washington spring and visits a local drugstore. She overnights in Wheeling. Lieutenant Governor Karl Rolvaag visits six counties for the Humphrey cause: While in Belington, Rolvaag comments that he was "enthusiastic" over the response of West Virginians to the basic importance of issues surrounding the campaign. Rolvaag is also scheduled to make a brief stop in Junior, and then journey to Elkins. He makes a total of 10 brief stops in the various towns throughout the day. Kennedy travels by car from Logan to Welch. He is joined at Amherstdale by Franklin D. According to the Mineral Daily News Tribune, the senator narrowly averts disaster by ducking as miners in unison yell, "look out for the wire! He sits down on the mine tracks, leans against one of the mine cars and becomes almost as grimy as the miners while chewing the fat. It was the most informal campaigning Kennedy has done in West Virginia. When he leaves the mine his face and hands are as black as if he had been digging coal. Kennedy hits it off quickly with the miners. He eventually reaches Welch at 4: Kennedy stays in Bluefield tonight.

### 3: Pike County Historical Society at the Columns | Books

*When President Kennedy visited Pike County, by Norman B Lehde Author) Be the first to review this item. See all formats and editions Hide other formats and editions.*

His paternal grandfather P. Kennedy was a member of the Massachusetts state legislature. His maternal grandfather and namesake John F. Fitzgerald served as a U. Congressman and was elected to two terms as Mayor of Boston. All four of his grandparents were children of Irish immigrants. Kennedy lived in Brookline for the first ten years of his life and attended the local St. In April , he had an appendectomy , after which he withdrew from Canterbury and recuperated at home. His older brother Joe Jr. They carried out their most notorious stunt by exploding a toilet seat with a powerful firecracker. In the ensuing chapel assembly, the strict headmaster, George St. John, brandished the toilet seat and spoke of certain "muckers" who would "spit in our sea". Ted was born the following year. In September , Kennedy made his first trip abroad when he traveled to London with his parents and his sister Kathleen. Ill-health forced his return to the United States in October of that year, when he enrolled late and attended Princeton University but had to leave after two months due to a gastrointestinal illness. He convalesced further at the family winter home in Palm Beach, then spent the spring of working as a ranch hand on the 40-acre Jay Six cattle ranch outside Benson, Arizona. I feel that Harvard can give me a better background and a better liberal education than any other university. I have always wanted to go there, as I have felt that it is not just another college, but is a university with something definite to offer. Then too, I would like to go to the same college as my father. Ambassador to the Court of St. When Kennedy was an upperclassman at Harvard, he began to take his studies more seriously and developed an interest in political philosophy. The thesis eventually became a bestseller under the title *Why England Slept*. While Kennedy became increasingly supportive of U. That fall, he enrolled at the Stanford Graduate School of Business and audited classes there. Navy Reserve "€" Main article: He exercised for months to straighten his back. He was commissioned an ensign on October 26, , [31] and joined the staff of the Office of Naval Intelligence in Washington, D. Accompanied by a female acquaintance from a wealthy Newport family, the couple had stopped in Middletown, Rhode Island at the cemetery where the decorated, naval spy , Commander Hugo W. Koehler , USN, had been buried the previous year. Ambling around the plots near the tiny St. Senator Claiborne Pell had become good friends and political allies, although they had been acquaintances since the mids during their " salad days " on the same Newport debutante party "circuit" and when Pell had dated Kathleen "Kick" Kennedy. During the trip south, he was hospitalized briefly in Jacksonville after diving into the cold water to unfoul a propeller. Thereafter, Kennedy was assigned duty in Panama and later in the Pacific theater , where he eventually commanded two more PT boats. Warfield expecting the arrival of the large Japanese Naval force that would pass on the evening of August 1. A lot of you men have families and some of you have children. What do you want to do? I have nothing to lose. They swam against a strong current, and once again Kennedy towed the badly burned motor machinist "Pappy" MacMahon by his life vest. The somewhat larger Olasana Island had ripe coconut trees, but still no fresh water. Kennedy and Ross found a small canoe, packages of crackers, candy and a fifty gallon drum of drinkable water left by the Japanese, which Kennedy paddled another half mile back to Olasana in the acquired canoe to provide his hungry crew. The plan was to attach one gunboat to each PT boat section to add gun range and power against barges and shore batteries which the 59 encountered on several occasions in mid October through mid November. The 59 acted as a shield from shore fire and protected them as they escaped on two rescue landing craft at the base of the Warrior River at Choiseul Island , taking ten marines aboard and delivering them to safety. After receiving treatment for his back injury, he was released from active duty in late His father also requested the Silver Star, which is awarded for gallantry in action, for his son. Kennedy Presidential Library and Museum. They cut my PT boat in half.

### 4: New Research shows JFK has Irish roots from County Limerick | [www.enganchecubano.com](http://www.enganchecubano.com)

*Comment: A readable copy. All pages are intact, and the cover is intact. Pages can include considerable notes-in pen or highlighter-but the notes cannot obscure the text.*

Kennedy is inaugurated as the 35th President of the United States. Kennedy is sworn in by Chief Justice Earl Warren and delivers a widely praised inaugural address, asking Americans to "ask not what your country can do for you, but what you can do for your country" and for the people of the world to "ask not what America will do for you, but what together we can do for the freedom of man". Kennedy also formally nominates his cabinet and attends the inaugural balls. January 21 – Kennedy meets with former President Harry S. Truman and issues Executive Order directing a doubling of the quantity of surplus food distributed to needy families. Kennedy also attends a meeting at the Democratic National Committee and hosts the swearing-in of his cabinet. Kennedy establishes the three-member Government Ethics Committee. Kennedy appoints Hickman Price, Jr. He also meets with Democratic legislative leaders, and receives a tour of the shelter areas of the White House from Naval Aide, Cmdr. He is presented plans for what would become the Food for Peace program and designates McGovern Director. January 25 – Kennedy holds his first regular live televised press conference in the State Department Auditorium. February 1 – President Kennedy holds his second presidential news conference; he announces the establishment of five pilot food stamp distribution projects. He later meets with economic and budget advisers. Bruce as Ambassador to the United Kingdom. Kennedy telegrams the mayors of cities urging an increase in urban renewal activities. Kennedy and Paul B. Fay attend the movie Spartacus at the Warner Theater. March 1 – Emphasizing the theme of public service in his inaugural address, President Kennedy issues Executive Order , establishing the Peace Corps on a "temporary pilot basis". Kennedy also sends to Congress a message requesting authorization of the Peace Corps as a permanent organization. President Kennedy holds his fifth presidential news conference. President Kennedy records a message for the American Red Cross. President Kennedy signs into law a joint resolution H. He also dines at the home of his brother, Attorney General Robert F. March 13 – President John F. March 24 - President Kennedy signs a commission restoring the five star rank general of the army position to former President Eisenhower. Kennedy also declares parts of eastern Iowa flooded by the Cedar River to be a major disaster area. Kennedy messages Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev , congratulating him on the successful launch of Vostok 1. April 17 – Continuing a concept originating in the Eisenhower Administration , Kennedy orders the invasion of Cuba in an unsuccessful attempt to overthrow the communist regime. April 19 – The invasion of Cuba fails and results in a Cuban revolutionary victory. Kennedy lays out the goal to "land a man on the Moon and return him safely to the Earth". May – August[ edit ] May 2 – The Freedom 7 spacecraft is readied for a launch attempt which would have resulted in the first American human spaceflight ; it is canceled due to poor weather and rescheduled for May 5. May 5 – Alan Shepard is launched on Freedom 7 on a sub-orbital spaceflight aboard a Mercury-Redstone rocket , and becomes the first American in outer space. The flight lasts 15 minutes 22 seconds, and reaches an apogee of May 8 – Kennedy meets with Alan Shepard at the White House, to congratulate him on becoming the first American in space. The six other Mercury Seven astronauts attend the ceremony, the next of which, Gus Grissom , would launch into space less than three months later. May 16–18 – Kennedy makes the first international trip of his presidency, travelling to Ottawa, Ontario , Canada , for a state visit. On May 17, he addresses the Canadian parliament. December 16–17 – Kennedy makes the third international trip of his presidency. December 21–22 – Kennedy makes the fourth international trip of his presidency, travelling to Hamilton, Bermuda , where he meets with British Prime Minister Harold Macmillan. John Glenn , aboard the Friendship 7 space capsule, becomes the first American to orbit the Earth. Bush decided to deny clemency to Private Ronald A. March 22 – Kennedy signs into law HR Pub. May – August[ edit ] May 1 – Kennedy signs the Educational Television Facilities Act into law, marking the first time Congress provided major federal aid to public broadcasting. June 29 – July 1 – Kennedy makes the fifth international trip of his presidency, travelling to Mexico City , Mexico , for a state visit. Kennedy announces his continued support for increased space

## WHEN PRESIDENT KENNEDY VISITED PIKE COUNTY pdf

expenditures, saying "we choose to go to the moon in this decade and do the other things, not because they are easy, but because they are hard. Kennedy also announces a naval "quarantine on all offensive military equipment" to that country. The Democrats lose seats in the House to Republicans, but maintain their majority; they increase their majority in the Senate. November 22 - Kennedy is presented with the Laetare Medal by Rev. Theodore Hesburgh, the president of the University of Notre Dame. Kennedy was presented with the award in the Oval Office, by Fr. December 18-21 - Kennedy makes the sixth international trip of his presidency, travelling to Nassau, The Bahamas, where he confers with British Prime Minister Harold Macmillan and concludes an agreement on nuclear defense systems. Kennedy attend mass at St. The Kennedys later hold a party for members of the Secret Service and their families.

## WHEN PRESIDENT KENNEDY VISITED PIKE COUNTY pdf

### 5: Rural poor face unique challenges | Toledo Blade

*When President Kennedy Visited Pike County - \$ Also for Sale. Our town Milford DVD - \$ Pike County Site Surveys for Townships and Boroughs - \$*

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### 6: BBC ON THIS DAY | 27 | Warm welcome for JFK in Ireland

*The Columns Museum to Exhibit Kennedy Goblet. The Pike County Historical Society's Columns Museum, located at Broad Street in Milford, Pa., is pleased to announce it will host a special exhibit in honor of the 50th anniversary of President Kennedy's visit to Pike County.*

### 7: John F. Kennedy - Wikipedia

*The Irish government and the Kennedy clan celebrated the 50th anniversary of one of Ireland's most fondly recalled moments, the visit of President John F. Kennedy, with a daylong street party.*

### 8: When President Kennedy Visited Pike County | eBay

*On a campaign swing through Berks County in , then-Sen. John F. Kennedy's entourage pulled into Mervine's Texaco station along Lancaster Pike in Cumru Township. Photographer Bill Brown snapped.*

### 9: JFK visits Ireland - HISTORY

*However, June wasn't the first time Mrs Mary Kennedy Ryan had welcomed her cousin to her home in Dunganstown, County Wexford. JFK statue in New Ross County Wexford Sixteen years earlier, during a three-week trip to Ireland, Kennedy had visited the town where his great grandfather had lived before he emigrated to Boston in*

*A Fool and His Money (Large Print Edition) Tate, C. Community control of cable television systems. International Energy Agency Animal Pals Playtime (Animal Pals Series) Mikroform-Sammlungen in wissenschaftlichen Bibliotheken der Bundesrepublik Deutschland, einschliesslich B Bible Johns Secret Daughter The fourth quarter : dying with your living trust Whose side are you on, ref? Reel 9. v. 8, New Haven (pt.) Realidades 2 capitulo 1b practice workbook answers Zemskoe samoupravlenie Reel 577. May 17-23, 1901 Personality (Introduction to general psychology: a self-selection textbook, edited by Jack Vernon) Unit 1 : You and others. Gold, war, and the new West of the 1860s Dean May, delivered 1991 The enchanted umbrella Glymour theory and evidence The Bible and the Modern World Below Poverty Line (BPL Survey-2008 J&K state Calculus Early Tracendental Combined 7th Edition with Student Resource Manual Set Living with quilts Phyllis George Brown. Adventures in child-raising Redemption of matter African-american poetry an anthology Elseviers Dictionary of Computer Graphics Apostolicity and Unity Edward Albees Marriage play. Equality on the Oregon frontier New-Englands memorial. Parkin bade macroeconomics 9th edition Ch. 9. Deep trouble Lord of the elements workshop Fundamentals of anatomy and physiology martini BRS Pathology (Board Review Series) Timeless truths for kids Descargar the illusion of life The Prince of New Haven Toward a practice of autonomous systems Painter 7 creativity V. 3-4. The second administration of Thomas Jefferson, 1805-1809.*